Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

NO. 55,151—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1st Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9521
8th "	ARABIA	7903		
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7919
22nd "	EGYPT	7912		
29th "	MANTUA	10885		
4th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898		
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10362
19th "	MARMORA	10908		
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10513
2nd Dec.	PERSIA	7951		
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9560
17th "	ARABIA	7903		
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
31st "	EGYPT	7912		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.
Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.
Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th "	ARABIA	7903		
4th March	MALWA	10362		
11th "	EGYPT	7912		
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10513
22nd "	* ARCADIA	7000		
25th "	PERSIA	7951		
1st April	MARMORA	10909		
8th "	CALEDONIA	7958		
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9560
22nd "	MANTUA	10885		
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912		

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

"INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,
At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA" 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 493 or Rs. 591	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 525 or Rs. 627	Rs. 793 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
For Accommodation and further information, apply to
A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.
(CITY AND HALL LINES).
Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1910.	Leave Karachi, 1910.
†A. City of York	11000	.....	Oct. 5
†B. Merton Hall	6700	.....	" 14
B. Sandon Hall	8800	not fixed.	...
C. City of Glasgow	9500	.....	Oct. 29
C. City of Calcutta	11060	.....	Nov. 5
A. City of Vienna	6000	.....	" 5
C. City of London	11060	.....	" 26
A. Trafford Hall	8000	.....	Dec. 6
C. City of Athens	8100	.....	" 15
C. City of Benares	11060	.....	" 30
B. City of Agra	8100	not fixed.	...
			1911
B. Locksley Hall	5500	.....	Jan. 8
B. Newby Hall	7500	.....	" 14
B. Sutton Hall	7700	.....	" 26
C. City of Glasgow	9500	.....	Feby. 4
A. City of Vienna	6000	.....	March 4
B. Trafford Hall	8000	March 17	* " 14
C. City of Athens	8100	" 24	* " 21
C. City of Benares	11060	.....	April 8
C. City of York	11060	April 24	* " 21
C. City of Glasgow	9500	May 12	* May 9
A. Trafford Hall	8000	" 30	...
C. City of Manchester	8900	.....	June 10
C. City of	...	.....	July 19

† Or Dunkirk at Steamers option.—
* Sailing from Karachi and calling at Bombay for passengers only.
A.—1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout with Electric Light carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.
B.—Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess and having accommodation for 2—12 passengers.
C.—Steamers which have both First and Second Class accommodation.
Sailing dates and fares are subject to alteration without notice.
Service of two Berthed Cabins. Electric Fans free.
Concession granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
JOINT SERVICE.
In connection with
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN
To Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained. For passages and full particulars apply to
Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency.
Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & Co., Agents.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.
INTEND
TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.
Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1205	Thurs.	29th Sept.	9 a.m.	C. Mandvi
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	30th "	6 a.m.	* direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	3rd Oct.	11 a.m.	†P D & O M

† Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
* Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KOLA," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 29th Sept. sailing (for Mails and Passengers) as Muscat, Bushire, Mahomrey, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WARORA," 3,950 tons, on Monday, 3rd October, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

A. STEAMER sailing on or about the 8th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct),
Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,
Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
28th September, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
NERA	5,538	Casanova	2nd Oct;
X	X	X	27th Oct.
CALEDONIEN	4,120	Lafont	24th Nov.
ARMAND BEHIC	6,383	X	22nd Dec. 1911.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	19th Jan. "
SALAZIE	4,147	Riquier	16th Feb. "
SYDNEY	4,118	Costa	16th Mar. "
DUMBEA	5,685	Robufat	13th Apl. "
POLYNESIEN	6,363	X	11th May "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	8th June "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.
RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels:	Tons.	Captains:	To Sail on or about
Armand Behic	6,385	X	7th Oct. 1910.
Australien	6,365	X	4th Nov.

For further particulars apply to—
G. CHANDEZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
Africa	4719	E. Seberich	1st October.
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st November.
Bohemia	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th "
Africa	4719	E. Seberich	1st December.
Graz	3905	D. Mistrorigo	16th "
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st Jany. 1911
Bohemia	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th " "
Africa	4719	E. Seberich	1st Feby. "
Graz	3905	D. Mistrorigo	16th " "
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st March "
Bohemia	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th " "
Africa	4719	E. Seberich	1st April "
Graz	3905	D. Mistrorigo	16th " "
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st May "
Bohemia	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th " "
Africa	4719	E. Seberich	1st June "

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
China	6017	P. Pavissien	29th December.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.
ACCELERATED LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450 & 500 *
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 675 to 750 *
Saloon Class to London	" 545 " 635 *
Saloon Class to London and back	" 865 " 1020 *
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice	350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 525
Intermediate Class to London	" 445
Intermediate Class to London and back	" 715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450
" Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 675
Saloon Class to London	" 545 to 585 *
" Class to London and back	" 865 to 945 *

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.
INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
Ferdinand	B. Cobol	6016	25th Oct, 1910.

For further information regarding passages apply to
E. STUPARICH,
Actg. Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S.N. Co., Bombay

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.
PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Newara-Eliya,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp,)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXND DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY,
J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected in connection with COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."
BRANCHES:
Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK,
Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.
JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager

CLARKES. B. 41. PILLS.
A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

A POPULARIZED WATCH

THERE is much neat simplicity shown in the Special and Perfect Lentille Finish of the case of this Watch, giving it an appearance of Elegance and Good Taste which Watches at the same price do not offer.

The mechanism of to-day and the finish of the case is a considerable improvement compared with the original production of our

POPULAR WATCH

and of which Brigadier General Way wrote so flatteringly:

"I bought in your Shop the best timekeeper I ever saw. It has never been out of my pocket for 9 years and has never gone wrong and has never been touched by anyone, never been cleaned or oiled, and keeps better time than any Gold Watch I ever saw," &c., &c.

In addition to our usual written guarantee the dial of this Watch carries our name which is a further assurance of our absolute confidence in accepting sponsorship in even so cheap a timekeeper.

Nickel cased Crystal face model	... Rs. 15-8	Cash Rs.	14
Silver cased Crystal face model	... " 22-8	" "	20-4
Silver cased Hunting or Half Hunting models	... ... " 27-8	" "	24-12

The watch is supplied in a neat case with spare glass and mainspring and a written guarantee that it will last for 15 years with reasonable proper care.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
WATCH MAKERS & JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

"ALL GOLD"

Californian New Season's Fruit Fresh consignment just arrived in large 2½ lb. tins.

Cases containing ... { 6 LEMON CLING PEACHES. 6 APRICOTS. 5 BARTLETT PEARS. 3 ROYAL ANN CHERRIES. 3 GREENGAGE PLUMS. 1 BLACKBERRIES.

Rs. 22-8 per case... OR RE. 1 PER TIN. SELECTED.

OBTAINABLE ONLY FROM
MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital ..... " 17,62,500
Reserve Fund ..... " 4,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.
Agents and Correspondents throughout India,
HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.
BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on any Town in India, and Currency Notes of any circle received free of Charge in Fixed and Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.
Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager
Standard Buildings, Bombay, 30th June, 1910.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... " 16,600,000
HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Changching	Newchwang
Dairen (Dalny)	New York
Hankow	Osaka
Hongkong	Pekin
Honolulu	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Kobe	San Francisco
Liaoyang	Shanghai
London	Tiehling
Lyons	Tientsin
Fengtien (Mukden)	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business is transacted.
K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Pa. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND..... .. " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khatlau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownagar.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY Esq., (Messrs. Keerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM HARIATOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.
J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELIXIR CHINA CALISAIA.

GRAND PRIX and GOLD MEDAL at the Lyons International Exhibition, 1902; MEMBER of the JURY and HORS CONCORS at the Marseilles International Exhibition, 1901; GRAND PRIX and GOLD MEDAL at the Bordeaux International Exhibition, 1902; GOLD MEDAL at the Rome Exhibition, 1902; GOLD MEDAL at the Perugia Exhibition, 1901.
For those suffering from the effects of MALARIAL FEVER and in need of a Tonic, they could not do better than use THE ELIXIR CHINA CALISAIA, the best known preparation of its kind prepared by the Firm of DE GIORGIO (Milano, Italy) who have been awarded the above mentioned Gold Medals and Honors.

THIS ELIXIR CHINA CALISAIA
is prepared from the best quality of the real CINCONA CALISAIA and is specially recommended by the highest Medical authorities as a Reconstituent and Tonic in all forms of ANEMIA, DISPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS, NEVRASTENIA and in fact for all needing a real good Tonic, and it is also a high class Liqueur.
A small liqueur glass before meals will have the desired EFFECT.
Price, Rs. 5-6 per Litre Bottle. Price, Rs. 2-14 per Half Litre Bottle.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:
C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

PEARSE & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
KILN DRIED FLOUR
in 7lb. tin.
DOG AND SHIP BISCUITS
VERY SUPERIOR.

PEARSE & CO.,
By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

CHOICE
ENGLISH & ITALIAN
PASTRY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.
BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.
BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.
BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.
BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.
BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE GUJARAT AUTOMOBILE TRANSPORT COMPANY, LIMITED.
(7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.)

NOTICE OF THE MEETING OF THE FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHARE-HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY.

THE FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Share-holders of the Gujarat Automobile Transport Company, Limited, will be held on Thursday the 6th October, 1910, at 5-30 P. M. (Bombay Time) at the Registered Office of the Company, 7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BUSINESS.

I. Appointment of Directors.

II. Receiving and adopting of the Provisional Directors' Report of the progress of the Company, during the period of six months since the Registration of the Company.

III. Appointment of an Auditor for the Company.

IV. Such other business as the Chairman may allow subject to the Regulations in this behalf in the Articles of Association of the Company.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
L. M. DAVE,
Managing Director.

7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay,
28th September, 1910.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. KENDELL and Co., Ltd., having their Registered Office, at No. 12, Tamarind Land, Fort, Bombay, are the SOLE PROPRIETORS of the PATENT RIGHTS for the manufacture and sale of Walke's Patent Card Boards, Washers, and of the patent rights under all other Patents taken out by Mr. C. Walke in connection with the manufacture of Gin Washers of disks of paper in which short pieces of coir or other vegetable fibres are incorporated.

The public are hereby WARNED against the manufacture, import or sale of Washers in infringement of the Patent Right of the Company.

Legal proceedings will be instituted against every party detected in manufacture of Washers in infringement of the said Patent Rights of the Company or in sale or import of Washers so manufactured—Dated this 23rd day of September, 1910.

BICKNELL, MERWANJI & ROMER,
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Separate BILLIARD SALOON and RESTAURANT on the Premises.

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ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

FROM the 1st of October, 1910, the TIMINGS of certain Passenger and Mail Trains, on the G. I. P. system, will be REVISED. For details, see Sheet Time Table, exhibited at Stations.

Information can also be obtained from the Station Masters or from the Undersigned

H. C. RADFORD,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 20th September, 1910.

THE BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY (INDIA), LIMITED.

CARRYING on business as Tobacco and General Merchants, at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Rangoon, Karachi and Delhi, hereby give notice that they have SOLD the WHOLE of their BUSINESS as from 1st October, 1910, to the IMPERIAL TOBACCO COMPANY of INDIA, LIMITED, and all debts due to and owing by the former Company will be received and paid by the latter Company.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO Co., (INDIA) Ld.

14, Radha Bazar Lane, Calcutta,
29th September, 1910.

BENGAL AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of STATIONERY and PAPER for this Railway System, for one year, commencing from 1st January 1911.

2. Tenders will be received up to noon on FRIDAY, 21st October, 1910, and should be addressed to the CHIEF AUDITOR, Bengal and North Western Railway, Gorakhpur, in a SEALED COVER, subscribed TENDERS FOR STATIONERY and PAPER.

3. All Tenders received will be opened in the office of the Agent, Bengal and North-Western Railway, Gorakhpur, on SATURDAY, 22nd October, 1910.

4. Tender Forms can be obtained and all other information and terms may be had on application to

THE CHIEF AUDITOR,
B and N.-W. Ry.
Gorakhpur.

Gorakhpur,
23rd September, 1910.

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2. ENTRIES CLOSE, TUESDAY, October 11.
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RESULTS FOR 1909.

New Policies issued (net) ...	6,514 for	£. 1,986,394
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Surplus on transactions for above period		„ 273,119
Annual Income ...		„ 1,422,802
Assets ...		„ 10,315,985
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Indian Lives at European Rates.

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1909

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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.
OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
POST BOX No. 34,
J. S. BRUCE,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Acting Agent.

HOTEL WINDSOR,
VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 15s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath. Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).
J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 0
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly ...	„ 2 8	„ 2 0

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 20 0	„ 16 0
Quarterly ...	„ 10 10	„ 8 8
Monthly ...	„ 3 12	„ 3 0

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For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ...	Rs. 1-0
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In the Native Languages double the above rates.
For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for length of time special contracts are made.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

	Town.	Post.
Yearly	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly	„ 7	„ 8
Quarterly	„ 4	„ 5

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BOMBAY ROVERS TOURNAMENT

FINAL
on
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1ST,
LEICESTERSHIRE REGIMENT
vs.
LINCOLN REGIMENT.
Kick-off 5-20 p.m.

CHARITY MATCH
on
FRIDAY, 30TH SEPT.
CIVILIANS vs. MILITARY.
ADMISSION, Re. 1.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Committee of the Bombay Trust of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 20th September should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Investigator...Lieut Dunson...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Palmaris.....Lieut Dunson ...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Lawrence.....Comds. Mills.....R I M
R I M S Mine).....Lt Comdr G H S Entouche...R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept. 28.

Bullmba.....1607 Butler.....M M & Co
Benca.....3794 Oliver.....P & O S N & Co
Birmingham.....2612 Carter.....
Caithness.....2222 Proctor.....W & A Graham & Co
Khanrou.....2410 Reard.....B & P S N & Co
Loch Fry.....3418 Stephens...W & A Graham & Co
Lingra.....951 Oglesby.....M M & Co
Madura.....1273 Bumber.....M M & Co
Mohamtmadi.....1851 Geddis.....B & P S N & Co
Najuri.....2522 Hallet.....E & A M Jeewanji
Nadir.....2041 Elliot.....T Morrison & Co
Neuenfels.....3541 Sandstede...W & A Graham & Co
Seid.....502 Willoughley...B & H S N & Co
Milwaukee.....4188 Smith...Hull, Barrow-in-Furness 30 9...W & A Graham & Co
Barque Brilliant...3609 Morrison ...Standard Oil & Co
Hild.....710 Salvison ...F F Campbell & Co
Singu.....1912 Morrison...Shaw Wallace & Co
Warora.....2565 Dickinson.....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Sept. 28.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
D&E Glan Fraser..	2284	Poterfield...	Chittagong..	1 10	James Finlay & Co
K Harpagus	3671	Johnson.....	Antwerp ...	3 10...	W & A Graham & Co
P Avala	2365	Canbaz.....	Lunkirk...	4 10...	W & A Graham & Co
Q Markgraf.....	2325	Tofe ...	Daressalam...	1 10...	A Strandis & Co
G Islami...	1605	Greef...	Jeddah...	1 10...	B & P S N & Co
M Budrie...	1613	Jones...	Jeddah...	1 10...	G Jeewanji & Sons
N Valdura.....	3594	McDougall...	Philedelphia...	4 10...	R A Wilkie
C & B Merton Hall.....	3773	Prowes...	Karachi...	3 10...	Killick Nixon & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

3 Olympia.....	3269	Robertson ...	Liverpool...	30 9	W & A Graham & Co
4 Candidate...	3826	Booth	Antwerp...	8 10...	Killick Nixon & Co
5 Africa	2565	Seberich.....	Trieste...	1 10...	A L S N Co
6 Marca.....	4437	Adams.....	Dunkirk	8 10...	K Nixon & Co
7 Warturm ...	3127	Schmidt.....	Karachi...	1 10...	W & A Graham & Co
9 Knight of the Thistle...	4286	Brown....	Dunkirk ...	8 10...	Killick Nixon & Co
12&13 Arabia	4098	Palmer...	London...	8 10...	P & O S N Co
14 Kola.....	510	Morrison	Busreh...	29 9...	M & Co
15 Shah Ameer.....	1922	Hake ...	Mauritius...	2 10...	B & H S N & Co
16 Harport	2503	Lamb.....	Dunkirk...	29 9...	J Mackintosh & Co

M W D D

Shah Jehan	2566	Born.....	Jeddah ...	8 10...

B & H S N & Co

H W P D

Bahaduri...	829	Ahmed...	Karachi...	28 9...
Indravati....	513	Fakeera...	N F...	N F...
Kavari...	553	Dawood...	Wagar...	28 9...
Satrunji.....	547	Esmail.....	Repairing...	Bo S N Co Ld
Sabarmati.....	524	Samsoodin.....	N F...	N F...

B S N Co Ld
Bo S N Co Ld
Bo S N Co Ld
Bo S N Co Ld
Bo S N Co Ld

ARRIVALS.

Vesse's	Commanders	From
Mohammadi	Geddie	Dar-es-salum, Sept 16
Reiva	Koss	South'pton, Sept 8
Acara	Williamson ...	Cardiff, Aug 18
Lhasa	McDiarmid ...	Karachi Sept 26
Virawa	Emmett	Calcutta, Sept 10

DEPARTURE.

Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
Devanha	Powell	Shanghai

The following vessels obtain their portclearance on Wednesday.
Steamer Kola, Morrison, Persian Gulf.
" Harport, Lamb, Dunkirk.
The following ve sels began to load on Wednesday:
Steamer Mohammadi for Zanzibar.
" Salsette for Aden.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyds s. s. China, from Bombay, arrived at Colombo Wednesday to-day morning.

DAILY EXPORTS—SEPT. 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—25 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co ; 40 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—175 cwts nuxvomics, T Canji ; 8 bales carpets, A Lalluck ; 164 bales hemp, E Oomersey ; 12 bales skins, P E Boyce and Sons.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—2,980 cwts teaseed, Ralli Bros ; 160 cwts cashewnuts, Nusserwanji Bros and Co ; 200 cwts gum, M Jaffarbhay ; 97 cwts cashewnuts ; R Jeewandas and Co.

FOR HULL.

Milwaukee s—16 cwts cottonseed, W Canji.

FOR HAMBURG.

Warturm s—115 cwts old rubber tyres, S Smidt and Co ; 229 cwts gum, S Cooverji and Co ; 1,000 cwts myrabolams, W Hechar ; 200 bales cottonfly, J C Tadiwalla.

FOR GENOA.

Knight of the Thistle s—510 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 100 bales cotton, Ewart Latham and Co; 100 tons old iron, T Hakimji and Sons.

FOR TRIESTE.

Africa s—4 bales carpets and 4 1-2 cwts rough garnets, S J Tellary and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Africa s—1 bale carpets, G P Stavrides and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Harpagus s—820 cwts myrabolams, T Memraz.

FLORILINE :—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Florifine, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance of the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florilize" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept., 33 Farringdon Road London, England.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, September 27.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	...	80 1-4+3-16
2 per cent. Rentes	...	97 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)	...	93 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. Government Securities		62—1-2
Bar Silver in London	...	24 7-8+1-16
Do. 2 months hence...		24 7-8+1-16

Closing Tone of Silver—Firm on Eastern buying.

Silver in New York	...	53 7-4+1-8
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs—		25-24+1
Do. Berlin	...	20 48—2-2
Do. New York	...	4 85 3-4+3/8
Discount Bank of England Rate		3 p.c. since 9/10/10
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight		3-2-16+1-8
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight		3 5-8+1/3
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months...		3 1-2+1/8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...		3 7-8 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans	...	1+1-2
Do. of day market loans	...	1 1-2 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)	...	77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)	...	1-3-29-32 unchgd

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—

Bills on Madras	Rs. 2,00,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.
Bills on Calcutta	Rs. 57,00,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.

MANCHESTER, September 27.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spots...	Quiet.
Futures	Steady.
East Indian	Quiet.
Manchester	Steady.
Total Sales	5,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	200
Imports	35,000
Mid-Americans	7-75—1
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown ...	12 1-2—1-16

Cotton Delivery	S.-O.	O.-N.	N.-D.
	7·74	7·68	7·63
	+1	+2	+4
Mid, Uplands	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.
	7·60	7·60	7·61
	+4	+4	+4
G. O. C.	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.
	7·62	7·62	7·62
Liverpool	+4	+4	+4

NEW YORK, September 27.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

		bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	...	84,000
Do Last year	...	87,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	...	17,000
Do. Exports to Continent	...	7,000
Spot Cotton—		13·30 unchgd
Futures at New York Oct. 13·47+14	Advanced on commission house buying and on southern buying of future in the local market.	
Do at New York Dec. 13·51+17		

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot Cotton ...	...	13 3-8 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct.	...	13·28+ 9
Do. do. Dec.	...	13·36+13

Closing Tone of Futures—Steady.

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs C.I.F. 36 1/2

Do	Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do	Name of Ports—London.
Do	Whether Sellers.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship. ... 45

Do.	Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do.	Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do.	Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Buyers.

Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 45

Do.	Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do.	Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do.	Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc,—Sellers.

Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 33 lbs. ex-ship 40 1-4

Do.	Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do.	Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do.	Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.

Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs, ex-ship ... 77 1/2

Do.	Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do.	Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do.	Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.

Laplata—71 Sep.-Oct.—Antwerp—Nominal.

COFFEE.

In New York Fair Rio No. 7 quality. 11

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.
India double bags, ... 13 6 1-2
Months of Shipment, Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Dull.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... ... 6 10 1-2 Sellers.—Flat.

METAL.

Copper Braziers...	...	... £ 66 1-2
Yellow Metal ...	...	... 5 15-16

ARRIVAL.

"Ariel," "Trantenfels."

BOMBAY, September 28.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1/32 d. for T. T., 1s. 4 1-16d. demand and 1s. 4 9-32d. for 3 months' sight credits.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—		
T. T. Ready...	...	1s. 4 1-32d.
D. D. Mail	...	1s. 4 1-16d.
T. T. Forward	...	1s. 4 1-16d. 15 Oct.
Bank's Buying—		
Private D. D. Ready	...	1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 m/s	...	1s. 4 1-16d.
" " Forward	...	1s. 4 9-32d. 15 Nov.
" 6 m/s Ready	...	1s. 4 13-32d.
Francs 3 m/s "	...	170 2-4
Marks 3 m/s "	...	133 3-4 to 134
60 d/s. Hongkong	...	134
" Shanghai	...	180 1/4
" Japan	...	149 3/4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Market has closed at Rs. 94-5 ready, Rs. 94-5 1st Settlement and Rs. 95-3 2nd Settlement.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London was 1-16 up at 24 7-8 both for ready and forward and New York advanced by 1-8 at 53 7-8.

Locally the silver market opened easier at Rs. 72-11-0, but sellers being more prices declined by three annas and closed at Rs. 72-8-0.

The gold market remained steady with a little demand. Shield sovereign are rather scarce and prices advanced by half to three-quarters of an anna.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
8 touch Fakirsett	23	9	0
97 touch Chinta	23	7	0

Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch

	24	0	0
National Bank	24	1	3
Chartered Bank	24	0	6
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	0	9
English Gold	24	0	6
Native Bullion	24	0	0
Indian Specie Bank	24	0	0

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	72	8	0
117 Penny Ready	72	5	0
Local per tola ...	0	11	3

FUTURES.

First Settlement	72	8	0
Second do	72	7	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Easier. Prices declined by an anna.
Rapeseed.—Steady. Demand being nominal prices declined by half an anna.
Wheat.—Steady. Demand moderate. Prices unchanged.
Castorseed and Cottonseed.—Steady. Prices unchanged.

Description.	Rate.		
Linseed, Bold	Rs. 13	4	0
Linseed, Small	" 13	0	0
Linseed, Brown	" 13	6	0
RAPESEED—			
Brown Delhi	" 6	10	0
Brown Cawnpore	" 6	6	0
Yellow do.	" 7	3	0
Do. Gujerat	" 7	10	0
Brown Katni	" 7	0	0
Poppyseed	" 10	4	0
Castorseed	" 41	0	0

WHEAT—	
Pissi ...	" 33 to 35
Hard Red ...	" 31 to 32
GINGELLYSEED—	
Yellow Hinganghat ...	" 54 to 55
Rai Khandesh— ...	" 70 to 80
Mowrasced ...	" 7 12 0
Groundnuts ...	" 44 0 0
Cottonseed ...	" 25 to 27
Maise ...	" 19 to 20
Wheat Yellow ...	" 40 to 42
Khandwa ...	" 40 to 45
Bajaro ...	" 27 to 30
Jowar ...	" 21 to 22
Gram ...	" 22 to 26
Minbars ...	" 54 to 55
Brown Jubbulpore ...	" 49 to 50
Brown Meggi ...	" 49 to 50
Kabra ...	" 56 to 57
Black Kutni ...	" 46 to 47
Myrabollams ...	" 19 to 20

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Tuesday, 27th September :—

Wheat	16,703	Cwts	
Linseed	3,653	"	
Rapeseed	9,883	"	
Gingellyseed	1,405	"	
Poppyseed	1,729	"	
Groundnuts	575	"	
Castorseed	2,315	"	
Rice	804	"	
Myrabollams	590	"	
Cottonseed	2,972	"	
Mowrasced	1,248	"	
Gram	3,037	"	
Jowrar	1,466	"	
Maize	29	"	

SPINNINGS.

Business in Petits for Moorat was done at Rs. 2,805 and then the rate advanced to Rs. 2,810, but at the close the rate again declined to Rs. 2,805. Business of Davids for Moorat was done at Rs 387-8 and Ahmedabad advanced mills at Rs. 470.

BANKS.

Bombay	1,525		
India	64	1-2	
Indian Specie...	53		
Eastern Bank	76		

MILLS.

David	385		
Manookji Petit	2,805		
New Great Eastern	182	1-2	
Fazulbhoy Mills	207	1/2	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S & T. C. Ordinary ...	112	1/2	
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	166	1/3	
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	277	1/2	
Shivrajpure Mining Syndicate ...	16		
Treacher and Co, ...	505		

RAILWAYS.

Tapti Valley... ... ... 472 1-2

COTTON.

Liverpool was 1 to 4 points up, New York rate was unchanged and futures were 14 and 1 up. Prices for ready lots remain unchanged and the tone of the local market was firm. The opener advised 6 to 7 points up. The rate for new crop advanced by Rs. 2 and the tendency of the market was firm. Business in New Broach was done at Rs. 295, but at the close it advanced to Rs. 297.

We learn the following purchases :—

100	Phoenix Mill ...	Broach ...	302
200	Colaba Land ...	Kadijin ...	294
100	D Sassoon Mill ...	do ...	300
200	Presidency Mill ...	Khandwa ...	260
100	Elphinstone Mill ...	Dhamangaon ...	240
1000	do ...	Bengal ...	251/Nov
100	S J David Mill ...	do ...	220
500	Ralli Bros ...	do ...	257 Nov
100	Jams Finlay Mill ...	Broach ...	307

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	268
" F Good	...	256
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	278
" F Good	...	268
Sind Punjab Fine	...	278
" F Good	...	268
Khandesh Fine	...	279
" F Good	...	269
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	...	288
" F Good	...	278
Akola Khangaum Fine	...	288
" F Good	...	276
Amraoti Fine	...	286
" F Good	...	276
Veotmal Fine	...	295
" F Good	...	266
Nagpore	...	298
" F Good	...	288
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	301
" F Good	...	291
Methia Fine	...	279
" F Good	...	269
Broach Gin Fine	...	312
" F Good	...	302
Sawginned Good	...	210
Westerns H. G.	...	300
Do M G	...	306
Broach Good FUTURES	...	297
Bengal F G	...	227

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Tuesday, 27th September:—

Khandeish	...	...	Bales
Central India	...	...	2 "
Barsi and Nagur	...	...	"
Berar	...	...	"
Central Provinces	...	...	92 "
Oomras	...	...	94 "
Dhollera	...	...	"
Broach	...	...	"
Coompta and Dharwar	...	...	207 "
Westerns	...	...	"
Bengal N W P	...	...	49 "
Bengals Rajputana	...	...	26 "
Rajputana	...	...	"
Sind	...	...	102 "
Persian	...	...	6 "
Egyptian	...	...	"
Other sorts	...	...	"
Total...			484

LIVERPOOL, September 28.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	...	Steady.
Estimated Sales	...	9,000
Total Imports	...	7,000

Future Delivery Prices :—

Sept.-Oct. ...	7·30+6
Oct.-Nov. ...	7·15+7
Nov.-Dec. ...	7·09+6
Dec.-Jan. ...	7·06+6
Jan.-Feb. ...	7·06+6
Feb.-Mar. ...	7·07+6
Mar.-Apl. ...	7·08+6
Apl.-May ...	7·09+6
May-June ...	7·08+6

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	This Month Seed.	Cotton.	Next Month Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp ...	13 0	16 6	14 6	15 0
Dunkirk ...	15 0	15 6	14 6	15 0
Havre	17 0	19 0	15 6	15 6
Hull	.....	.....	13 6	.....
Liverpool ...	.....	.....	16 0	16 6
Marseilles ...	.....	.....	16 0	16 6
Genoa	17 0	18 9	15 0	15 6
London... ...	.....	.....	14 0	.....
Hamburg ...	16 6	17 6	15 6	16 0
Trieste ...	.....	.....	16 6	17 6
Venice ...	.....	.....	16 6	17 6

Open Ports ...Nov. at 15 0
Dec. at 14 9
Jan.-May at 14 6

Market steady, not much business doing.

METALS.

We quote :—

Copper Brazers 4×4	lbs. 21 28 35 42 56 63 70 77 84	Rs. 53	4
Yellow Metal Sheets	21 28 35 42 49 56	" 44	14 a
		" 45	0 b
		" 44	10 c
Tin Ingots	...	" 42	12
Spelter S M ...	...	to 44	0
M M ...	...	" 18	8
J ...	...		
G ...	...		
Georgshutte ...	...	" 22	0
Copper Ingots K S ...	...	" 47	12
Copper Sheetings... lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14		" 60	0
Yellow Metal Sheetings lbs. 14, 16 10-12		" 46	0
	10-12 14-16	" 48	0

a Rex b Eng c Crusaur

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Tuesday, Sept. 27.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Coin, Other coin. Rs.
1 Box ...	...	...	5,600
Importers.		Vessels.	From
M. B. A. Sidrani	...	Africa	Aden

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY

BY RAIL on 26th September, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces
G. I. P. Railway	23	27,555
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	29	34,220

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 28.

There is no change to report in the position of the share market which remains steady with business passing on a limited scale and prices were well maintained on the whole. There are a good many shares now which are most difficult to obtain having been taken off the market by degrees by strong holders for investment purposes, so brokers have the greatest difficulty in fulfilling orders. The following business was reported :—

Coal shares.—Bengal Rs 758 and Rs. 760 ; Bengal Bhatdee Rs 15-12; Bhalgora Rs 16-4 ; Bhuskajuri Rs 16; Burragarh Rs 4 8, Equitable Rs 25 ; Jumoni Rs 4-12 ; Ranegunj Rs 19-12 : Saltore Rs 10-14 ; Seebpore Rs. 21 pref.

3 1-2 per cent. Government paper is quoted at Rs 94-5 to Rs 94-6 for cash and at Rs 94-2 to Rs 94-3 for delivery in one month.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 29th September.

144. Parades—Nos 1 and 2 Companies will parade at Apollo Bundar at 5 p. m. on Saturday 1st October and proceed to middle ground for 6" Mark VII gun drill and D R F drill.

All recruits are especially requested to attend.

Dress—Khaki and forage caps.

145. Musketry—The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available for class firing for recruits, Practice 1 "Grouping Standard" only on Sunday 2nd October.

Firing to commence at 7 a.m.

Dress—Mufti.

146. Arms.—Rifles are available for issue, and members must draw them personally. They will be issued between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m. any day except Sunday.

147. Annual Reports—The annual reports for the season 1909-10 are ready for issue and can be obtained at Head Quarters.

156. Promotions and Appointments—The following is published for information :—

Lieut B T Lambert to be Captain vice A Saunders transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 23rd August 1910.

Lieut B K Goldsmith to be Captain vice R W Fisher transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 23rd August 1910.

2nd Lieut W H Leach to be Lieutenant vice E T Lambert promoted. Dated 23rd August 1910.

Maurice Herbert Sowerby to be Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 23rd August 1910.

Authority.—General Department No 4592, dated 29th Sept 1910.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A

NOTICE.

B. V. A. Concert.

The B V A Concert announced for the 28th September, has been postponed till Wednesday 5th October at 8-30 p m in the Town Hall.

Tickets can be obtained from :—

(1) Head-Quarters.
(2) No. 1 of Sub-Divisions.
(3) B V A Club.

Tickets Rs. 2. Ladies free. (By Complimentary ticket only).

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 29th September.

821. Signalling—To-day Thursday the 29th instant.—The Signalling Class will parade at 7 a.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

822. Parade.—Monday the 3rd Prox.—"G" Coy. Recruits Parade at 7-30 a.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

823. Parades—1st to 31st October 1910.—Weekly parades under Company Commanders. Time and place to be arranged by them and notified to the Adjutant at least 3 days beforehand.

Subjects—As per programme.

Programmes of Drills for the ensuing season have been distributed to Officers Commanding Companies.

Members may obtain them from the Cr Sergts of their companies.

824. Issue of Arms—Arms and Accoutrements will be issued to members of the Corps at Head-Quarters between the hours of 8 a.m. and 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays.

Members are requested to draw their arms and accoutrements at once.

825. Enrolment.—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to 'C" Company :—

No. 6980 Vol. F. Graham.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect,	Via Penang Perfect,	Via Aden Perfect, Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted	

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 28th September 1910.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	28	8	2 a.m.	4	16
Teheran ...	28	12	10p.m.	2	30
Suez	28	12	55 p.m.	1	25

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, without additional charge (20-6-09).

Cable Obock Djibouti interrupted. (27-6-09).

Bhamo route to China interrupted beyond Indian Frontier between Shasi and Kingchow. (20-9-10).

THE New Zealand Government has introduced a new Land Bill, providing, among other things, for the compulsory acquisition by lease of private lands for closer settlement from land owners holding rural or pastoral land to the value of £40,000. Settlers acquiring the leases of such land will have the right to purchase. The Government has also introduced an anti-Trust Bill for the repression of monopolies. The Bill is aimed mainly against the Standard Oil Company, says the Wellington correspondent of "The Times," but also includes within its scope agricultural implements, coal, meat, flour, sugar, and tobacco.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

SHARP.—28th September, Roberts William Sharp, at his residence, Maldon House, Marine Lines, Bombay, aged 69 years. Deeply regretted by sorrowing wife and children. Funeral at Sewree Cemetery at 5-30 o'clock (Thursday afternoon). Friends will kindly accept this intimation.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

DOMINY—HARRIS.—September 8, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Revd., R. W. H. Stuart, William Erasmus, second son of H. Dominy, of Gysbarce Tea Estate, Darjeeling, to Alice Leonisa youngest daughter of George Britton Harris of Clyde, don Somerset, England.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Nasik Conspiracy Trial, Bombay High Court, 11-30 a.m.

Bombay Natural History Society's Meeting, 6-15 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph : "His late Majesty King Edward VII's Funeral," 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "It is a miserable kind of dependence to rely on another's credit."

ENGLISH MAIL.

P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette" with the English Mails of the 16th instant, which left Aden at 10 p. m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a. m. to-morrow.

DEPARTURE.

P. and O. Company's steamer "Salsette", leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday the 1st October.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.—A Meeting of the Members will be held this afternoon at the Society's Room at 6, Apollo Street, at 6-15 p.m., when the following papers will be read :—(1.) Note on prehistoric tree-stumps discovered in Bombay Harbour, by L. H. Savile, (2.) on the varieties of Hibiscus cultivated in gardens, by W. S. Millard.

MOUNT POINSAR ORPHANAGE.—We are requested by the Rev. Superior of the above orphanage to state that in accordance with intimation received by him from the Superintendent of the Post Offices, Nasik District. All letters, money orders etc., to the Mount Poinsar Institution should be directed from the 1st of October, "via Borivli" B. B. Railway and not Post, Bhayndar, as was previously done.

A CURIOUS COMPLAINT.—Currimbux Modi, a pilgrim, found himself travelling in the Railway carriage near Allahabad under curious circumstances. He has reported to the Police that some time ago he came to Bombay and put up near a Musafarkhana in the Pakmodia Street. A man named Abdul Rahiman came there and asked him to live with him in Tell Gully, as in the Musafarkhana there was a chance of his being robbed. He went to Tell Gully and lived there for two days. He was there comfortable the first day ; next day he was given something to drink by Abdul Rahiman and he became unconscious. On recovering he found himself travelling a Railway carriage near Allahabad. He then discovered that he was robbed off 23 gold mohurs and Rs. 6 in cash. His friends in Allahabad helped him to return to Bombay.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim presided yesterday at the meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

The Municipal Commissioner applied for the sanction of the Committee to an additional grant of Rs. 12,000 to supplement the current year's budget provision of Rs. 75,000 for road watering. The Commissioner said that the Executive Engineer has anticipated the excess on account of the following reasons:—(1) the rate for the supply of bullock pairs for the current year being higher by two annas per pair than last year and (2) the following new roads having been taken over from the Improvement Trust in May last :— (1) Sandhurst Road from Parel Road to Dongri street, (2) Princess street from Queen's Road to Lohar Chawl. (3) The widened portion of Chunam Kiln Road between Girgaum Back Road and Sandhurst Road. (4) Gilder street from Clerk Road to Arthur Road. (5) Hunter Street. (6) Roads 1 to 12 in Agripada West. The long break in the monsoon which occurred this year, also the Commissioner stated, has necessitated the watering of the roads during the monsoon months. Notwithstanding the increased number of hydrants, the increasing requirements of the public and the dust caused by motors necessitates so much more watering that an increase in the grant is inevitable.

The necessary auotion was accorded

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.

THE Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Society was held in the rooms of the B. B. R. A. Society, Town Hall, on Wednesday the 28th September 1910, at 6 p.m., when

The Bombay Gazette Christmas Number, 1910.

TO BE PUBLISHED

MID-DECEMBER.

THE CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the "Bombay Gazette" this year will surpass previous issues in attractiveness and interest.

Each succeeding issue has surpassed its predecessor in literary merit and in circulation, therefore the Proprietors have decided on offering a number this year which will eclipse all previous ones.

Arrangements have been made for a series of Stories and Sketches by a score of the best known authors.

The following are among other features already arranged for :—

THE GOLDEN GIRL,
By
GEORGE R. SIMS.

GENERAL BURTON'S GHOST,
By
KATHARINE TYNAN.

MISTLETOE & ROSEMARY,
By
ALICE & CLAUDE ASKEW.

A CHRISTMAS TOY,
By
TOM GALLON.

NANCY'S NEW YEAR ADVENTURE,
By
HAROLD BLINDLOSS.

THE MAGIC MISTLETOE,
By
W. E. NORRIS.

MERE DROSS,
By
JOHN STRANGE WINTER.

UNCLE BEN,
By
M. H. POYNTER.

A MIDSUMMER CHRISTMAS DAY,
By
W. A. McKENZIE.

A YULETIDE MYSTERY,
By
E. EVERETT GREEN.

LOVE THE MAGICIAN,
By
A. MacCLURE WARNOCK.

DRAWING ROOM MAGIC,
By
CALTON.

HOW SANTA CLAUS CAME TO HOLLY HOUSE,
By
QUEENIE SCOTT-HOOPER.

LOUIS WAIN'S CAT SKETCHES.

PICTORIAL HUMOUR,
By
HILDA COWHAM AND OTHERS.

Sketches by Seymour Hicks, Ellaline Terriss, Harry Lauder, Marie Studholm, and other well-known actors and actresses.

Space for Advertisements will necessarily be restricted and it will therefore be necessary for intending advertisers to apply early for space and position to

THE MANAGER,
The "Bombay Gazette,"
2, Green Street,
FORT.

WHEN YOU HAVE FAILED TO GET THROUGH OTHERS JUST WHAT YOU REQUIRE IN

BUNGALOWS,
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We have places in all localities TO SUIT all requirements.

LUARD BARRINGTON & CO.,
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P. O. BOX 239.

GENERAL FAMILY PENSION FUND.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS, FIFTY-THREE LAKHS.

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BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price, Rs. a. p.
Snowflake, 150 deg.....	6 8 2 per case.
White Rose, 150 deg....	6 8 2 „ „
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2 „ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg...	4 12 2 „ „
Monkey, 125 deg.....	4 8 2 „ „
Elephant, 125 deg.....	4 3 0 per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0 per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

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TRY THE
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MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
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WHOLESALE AGENTS :
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BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh, Rs. 6.
Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c, printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

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SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.

WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

. All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should no be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Thursday, 29th Sept. 1910.

THE PROPOSED EASTERN AVENUE.

At last the City of Bombay Improvement Trust appears to have risen to a proper sense of its responsibility in the matter of communications and the necessity of letting such works as they undertake be such as will justify their name and existence. We refer to their scheme for an Eastern Avenue which shall resemble a continental boulevard and be of adequate width for traffic of all kinds. Those responsible for the modernisation and improvement of Bombay in the last half century have signally failed in their duty, and Bombay each year becomes more like a town of the temperate zone than one of the tropics. Year by year we have clustered more houses together in narrow streets, have limited the living space they contain, stripped them of the verandahs and balconies essential to dwellings in tropical countries, and placed them on roads too narrow for an English provincial town. The English model of flats is the very worst, the most unsuitable which could in conceived for life in an Eastern country and French or Italian, even Spanish models are infinitely preferable. Our architects and builders, our engineers and road contractors should have learnt their trade in Brazil or Paraguay or Chile, in Monte Video or Rio Janeiro or even in Tahiti rather than in England. Manila might have taught them much ; for, although they had ample opportunities in by-gone years to remodel and reconstruct, they failed to seize those opportunities. There is not a road in Frere-Town, as it was then termed, which is wide enough for to-day. Every one should have been a boulevard of the continental type, and what is the site for the Museum should have been an open place with gardens and fountains and statues. When it was proposed to build on Bombay green there was a public outcry and the Elphinstone Circle garden was a concession to it. But if the builders of the new Bombay had realised how soon the spoliation of the city would set in, they would have cried out more loudly and we might have been saved from the predicament we are now in of being compelled to buy valuable property for the construction of a road through the bazaar which might and ought to have been made at a quarter the cost, thirty years ago.

Some of the new roads constructed by the Trust, as for instance, Princess Street, are not discreditable monuments of their work. But they are all too narrow and although they built a handsome bridge at Chowpatti they put it in entirely the wrong place, its only site being that of old level-crossing. They have now an opportunity of showing both skill and taste in dealing with the Eastern avenue. As was plainly set forth by the Chairman of the Improvement Trust on Tuesday the cost is daily increasing. What would have involved a loss of twenty-seven and a half lakhs four years ago will now mean sixty lakhs on the wrong side of the ledger. But what may be a luxury to-day becomes a necessity to-morrow, and the Improvement Trust in constructing their new avenue must keep the needs of posterity in mind. Our predecessors did not, hence the necessity for expending money and for letting the work be of such dimensions and of such a character as will not only suffice for immediate requirements but for those of the people who come after us. As Mr. Kent, the Chief Engineer of the Trust, observed regarding the proposed width of the projected Eastern avenue, there appears to be a considerable body of opinion averse to the dimensions laid down by its projector, Mr. Kemball. His scheme provided for a main avenue extending from the Crawford Market to Sion Causeway with a width of 120ft. from the Market as far as the junction of Suparibag and Elphinstone Roads, and 150ft. for the remainder of the distance. "In considering the matter, it is necessary to project one's mind into the future and imagine what the road will be called upon to perform say 30 years hence. We must assume that the population of the city has greatly increased, that our schemes are populous localities, that motor traction is driving the horse from the street, that an enormous increase has taken place in the volume of traffic and, lastly, that Salsette is a popular suburb and that the tendency already strong to live outside the island will have become more pronounced. It is on a consideration of these points that the width of the Eastern avenue will have to be based." Mr. Kent was at pains to illustrate to the Trust the tendency of the road builders in other cities. The main avenues in Washington are 160 feet wide, in New York 135 and in Boston 180. Our own should be as wide as those of Boston, but we are again faced with the cost.

New York's avenues are narrow considering the necessities of the city and as is shown in the report placed before the Trust, her difficulties to-day resemble ours, for "there you have an island city at her wits' end to provide for its traffic and spending millions on subways with very little relief, though it is comparatively young as cities go." New York teaches us other lessons also, for the city is pledging posterity to pay for benefits which only the living will enjoy. New York's difficulties, however, had their origin in the same lack of system which has hitherto characterised our own works. Impulse, sectionalism and often prodigality when it was uncalled for, have landed New York city into a debt of nine hundred million dollars. At times of stringency such as have existed in New York during the past twelve months, we read, an accumulation of awarded contracts, competing for registration, piles up in the departments and in the comptroller's office, each of which, as the margin of borrowing capacity is widened through the redemption of maturing bonds, or an increase in assessed valuation is put forward by officials and contractors immediately concerned as the most pressing necessity of the city. At the same time failure to control demands upon the treasury places the city, in periods of financial stringency, at the mercy of the money-market in disposing of its securities. Such conditions point to the necessity for a far-seeing scientific plan upon which public improvements and the extension of municipal properties shall in future be leased. Well, in Bombay, we have a far-seeing scientific plan of which the details are beginning to be worked out. Financial difficulties may stand in the way of the immediate realisation of very many parts of the scheme. But though we may go to Washington or New York for our ideas, we must not expect to find they will show us how to finance them. New York has outrun the constable and the Director of the Bureau of Municipal Research urges upon the City Fathers the pressing need, with reference to the continued growth and increased well-being of the city the formulation of a city plan, based upon a systematic scientific study of local, social and economic conditions for education, health recreation, transportation and commerce. These requirements have all been taken into account in the scheme Mr. Orr propounded on Tuesday. Government reminded the Trust the other day that it was but a Trust appointed by Government under Law, as steward of certain public interests, the agents or servants of Government in short. Let Government find the money to enable its servants or agents to carry out their duties as such stewards—one of which, as we have said, the Trust has shown itself alive to.

BOMBAY FLOODS. A QUESTION, which will be considered by the Corpororation during the month of October, is that of flooding in the lower portions of the city. On this a lengthy report has been issued by the Municipal Commissioner, containing another by the Deputy Executive Engineer. The subject is, of course, of considerable importance. During the present monsoon we have had exceptional storms and severe floods have followed in several quarters of the native city. Steps are now proposed which will materially mitigate similar occurrences in future, and it is important that the Corporation should deal with the matter with expedition so that a reasonable amount of work may have been completed by the time the next rains commence. Parts of Bombay must, on account of natural conditions, always be subject to floods, but measures which will obviate them as far as possible should be taken without any delay. As the Commissioner says considering the low level at which a large portion of the island lies in comparison with the height of the tides, it is impossible to hope that flooding can be altogether prevented. The Corporation has decided already that the best preventive measures are to be taken by means of storm-water drains for the high lands, and the first of these will be taken in hand during the fair season. It is next recommended that the spill-weir at the Tardeo flats be lowered by eighteen inches, a proposal which the Commissioner believes could be carried out without risk. Finally the Deputy Executive Engineer refers to the transference of the Love Grove Channel to the channels discharging through the Worli sluices, and the provision of powerful pumps at the latter place. This the Commissioner regards as inevitable, as in addition to the advantage of being able to pump water into the sea when, on account of the tide, it is impossible to open the sluices, the pumps would prevent the collection of stagnant water in the fair season which at present constitutes a serious nuisance. This is not, however, a work of urgent necessity, and need not be considered, he suggests, till more important needs have been met.

The Deputy Executive Engineer in his lengthy statement discusses the reasons why the large channels and storm-water drains, constructed during the last few years at a cost of almost fifteen lakhs, have not effectually provided for the efficient draining of those parts of the city where serious flooding occurs. These works, he explains, have been designed to meet the requirements of the low lands alone, but intercepting high level drains not having been provided the water from the high lands, or altogether from about one-third of the whole water-shed, flow from the high ground on to the low and the capacity of these drains is severely over-taxed. The construction of intercepting high level drains was postponed until after the completion of works in the low lands. These works have recently been finished and the Corporation having sanctioned a scheme for draining some of the worst flooded area at and near Parel work on the head high level drain will now be commenced. The construction of the portion of the drain running from Reay Road and Connaught Road to the outfall at Lakri Bunder will be taken in hand immediately the rains cease. The Engineer then proposes to include in next year's Budget proposals the construction of the second part of the drain, e. g., that in Sopari Baug Road, Kalachowki Road, and the Northern part of Reay Road, and in subsequent years, the drains in Parel Road, from Love Lane northwards to Connaught Road and in Connaught Road, will be taken in hand. These drains will intercept the storm-water from an area which measures over 900 acres and the water instead of flowing as it now does into the low level drains and channels will be carried direct to the Harbour and discharged there. After these drains are completed, the water from the area between Byculla Bridge and Pydhoni should be diverted, the Engineer considers in a similar manner to the East. He also wishes to complete the lowering of the ill-weir during the present fair season. This will relieve the situation, somewhat pending the completion of a proper drainage system.

PAYMENT OF LEGISLATORS. COMING from a Conservative member of Parliament of considerable prominence, Mr. F. E. Smith's view of the position created by the Osborne judgment is a striking one. He regards the payment of members as the only solution of the difficulty, and the principle which he concedes is one which the Labour party has fought hard to see recognised—one, however, for which they have extracted not even hope from even a Liberal Government. Mr. Smith's declaration, therefore, will undoubtedly give the Labour representatives in the House of Commons heart of grace to continue the struggle with renewed force, but at the same time it is not easy to judge the practical value to the Labour Party of Mr. Smith's admission. He is a young and rising member of his party, to whom prospects of promotion to official rank are great, as soon as an opportunity is presented. It therefore might be expected that he would not commit himself publicly to any view which had not the approval of his chiefs. He may have had official approval for all he said, but on the other hand it must not be overlooked that a General Election is unlikely to be remote ; in fact the Unionists ardently desire an early dissolution and have only just commenced a vigorous campaign in the country with that object. In such an event the support of the Labour voters would be of great value and in the present disturbed condition of Trades Unionism it is extremely doubtful how they might poll. Mr. Smith's utterance would under these circumstances have two advantages. He is a member of sufficient prominence to command attention, but at the same time his individual expressions are not binding on his party. The *Times*, we see, bluntly condemns the proposal as a cynical exhibition of opportunism and the *Daily Telegraph* also disapproves it. The fact on the other hand that somany Conservative organs have made a demand for the payment of members gives the impression that it may now have become part of the Conservative programme.

THE Hon. Mr. Meston, Finance Secretary, India, reaches Calcutta about the middle of November.

IT is understood that the Tendula Irrigation scheme is to be taken in hand almost immediately and three lakhs have been provided for the purpose this year.

REUTER cables that Prince Tsai-hsun was the guest of Mr. Taft at dinner at White House yesterday.

MESSRS. Armstrong, Whitworth, and Company have resolved to proceed with the construction of a new shipyard at Walker, on the Tyne and for this purpose the Newcastle City Council have agreed to lease to them a considerable area of land. The new yard will permit of the construction of battleships of any size that may be reached in the future, and will enable the Elswick firm to comply with any requirements as to size, draft of water, etc.

To the old National Bank of Spokane (Wash.) belongs the distinction of circulating the first antiseptic, germ-proof National banknotes. The United States Treasury is still experimenting with devices intended to launder dirty banknotes into bright, crisp ones, but the Spokane Bank has the first sanitary money on record. Fifty thousand dollars in bills just put out by the bank were signed with an ink which consisted largely of carbolic acid. The result is the bills are saturated with an agency which means death to the most vigorous germ.

IT is stated that estimates have been prepared and arrangements are already being made for the erection at Gibraltar, Malta, Aden, and Perim Island, of a powerful installation for wireless telegraphy, so that easy and regular communication may be held between these several British depots. It is possible that other links in the chain may be made at Cyprus and Alexandria ; but these latter are not considered of immediate concern, while the stations would stand on foreign, though British protected, territory. When, however, the scheme at present outlined is complete, no doubt is entertained that it will be continued to the Antipodes, by way of Colombo, the Malay States and Thursday Island.

THE special commissioner of "South Africa" at Durban states that 3 000 South African natives have just left East London by steamer for German South-West Africa, having been enlisted to work on the railway extensions there. This exodus of valuable labour is regarded with a great deal of disapproval, but it is stated that the law is powerless to prevent their departure. Natal colonists, he continues, are reconciled to the idea of a complete stoppage in the importation of indentured Indians as labourers on the farms and tea and sugar plantations, and people are relying upon the Government to supply some kind of substitute.

THE GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

France and Germany.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BERLIN, SEPT. 9.

FOR a little while there had been truce between the "patriotic" papers of France and the "national" press of Germany. Suddenly a change set in during these dog days. If we ask what was the cause of the new outbreak, we find that the reckless attempt of the French paper "Matin" to work up a great sensation was the disturbing factor.

Originally the idea of the publishers of the French paper appeared quite harmless. A prize of 5,000 pounds sterling was offered for a match of French flying machines along the eastern boundary of France. It was a great success as the public as well in France as abroad was very much interested in the detailed accounts of the courage shown by some competitors. It was also a triumph for France, as the superiority of the French aviatic achievements over those of other countries was readily admitted on all sides. Unfortunately the Editors of the "Matin" were so much elevated by these aerial flights that they harped on the political and even military importance of this sensational competition. The whole arrangement was advertised as an experiment to organise systematic espionage from the higher regions. French flying machines were to be sent along the Eastern frontier with instructions to peep into the German forts on the other side and not only to obsgrin the Germans who were supposed not to be able to follow the example but also with a view of fructifying the advantage before aviatics in Germany had a chance of developing. Here was a chance for taking the desired revenge for the defeats of forty years ago. In short Patriotism was harnessed to the advertisement trick costing 5,000 pounds only. As was to be expected, some German papers answered to these provocations with the challenge : "Come along, we are quite ready to cross bayonets again". The representatives of the "Matin" in Germany collected all these outbursts of the indomitable "furor Teutonicus", and the "Matin" placed them bit for bit before its readers, in order to show what a great service the publishers had rendered to the Republic by the timely espionage organised without risk and at a cost of 5,000 pounds only.

There is certainly a kind of humour in this campagne of advertising during the dead season. But there is also a serious side to it. In France the rules of parliamentary wrestling and political wrangling allow the use of chauvinistic agitation and of the Revenge idea. It is understood that the victorious party will be aware of the grave responsibilities before drifting into war and that the majority of the French nation objects to another duel with Germany for the sake of reconquering Alsace-Lorraine or of restoring to the French Army its former glory of being without a rival in Europe. But by frequent repetitions this game might become dangerous one fine day. The frivolity of misusing national feeling for the purpose of gaining a wider circulation for a newspaper is little understood by many writers for the German periodicals, as in the Fatherland a paper looses its standing when the contemporaries are able to point to its "sensational" tricks for catching subscribers. The consequence is that the success of the "Matin" is considered a fair symptom of French national feeling. From the motives of a patriotic heart many a Editor of a provincial journal (and in no other country is the provincial press so highly developed and so independent as in Germany) takes up the cudgel and thereby unknowingly provides new fuel for the bonfire in front of the "Matin" edifice. If that goes to and fro, the heat may become obnoxious in the end and sparks may fly about too freely. At present the diplomatic relations of France and Germany are excellent and the danger of incendiarism may not be so very great. But there ought to be no playing with the fire for the selfish purposes of the proprietors of a "sensational" newspaper that poses as the exponent of French patriotism.

A CAPACITY OF GERMAN INDUSTRY.

Dr. Isider Loewe of Berlin who was taken away in his sixty second year by blood poisoning, was in many respects the prototype of the business man peculiar to the latest phase of industrial life in the German Empire. A combination of technical genius and commercial alertness is not so rare in Germany as in countries of older industrial development. We find in the generation now gradually passing away quite a number of engineers with a remarkable business head on their shoulders and on the other hand men of commercial training with an inborn gift for technical problems. The late Dr. Loewe belonged to the second class. He was a self made-man. Born at Heiligenstadt as one of the many children of a teacher in a Jewish elementary school he had to go into business at an early age. In some respect, however, his brother Ludwig Loewe, who was eleven years his senior, had paved the way for him. It was Ludwig Loewe who first adopted American methods of fabrication in the Fatherland immediately before the Franco-Prussian War. At that time sewing machines were almost exclusively imported rom America. When Mr. Ludwig Loewe started a manufactory of sewing machines in Berlin, he soon perceived that the superiority of the American firms was based on the excellence of the machine, tools that were constructed for their special needs and allowed them a wholesale production of first class machines at low rates. He therefore ordered some of the most improved machine-tools from America for his own use. Then the idea struck him that the same improvement may also be introduced into the manufactory of rifles for which was then a large demand as the whole German infantry was to be equipped with new arms in 1871. He constructed precision-tools for the rational fabrication of the smaller parts of military rifles and thereby was enabled to beat his competitors. Very soon the manufacture of small fire arms became the most important especiality of the firm, the construction of sewing machines being entirely abandoned in 1870. It was four years before this date that late Isidor Loewe entered the firm. He had already a good commercial career behind him, but at ones took a fancy for the construction of precision-machine tools of very description. When he became sole proprietor of the firm after the death of his brother in 1886, he could please his ambition of constructing the best and cheapest machine-tools on a wholesale plan and thereby rendering the best service to all kinds of German Industry. On this occasion, he also proved his extraordinary gift for organisation, as he combined the Mauser works at Oberdorf with his firm and entered into a compact with the combined Cologne-Rottweiler Powder Mills. He was lucky enough to find in the person of Mr. Born, whose banking firm has since been absorbed by the Disconto Gesellschaft, the necessary financial supporter for his great scheme of concentrating the "Deutshe Waffen-und Munitionsfabriken", now so well-known all over the world. About the year 1890 he took up the fabrication of electric appliances and again showed his gift for organisation in founding the "Union." For a man like him who was by this time an accomplished engineer, the idea of constructing dirigible airships was all the more fascinating, because the text-books of that time categorically declared the solution of the problem insolvable That he was a leading man at the foundation of the Zeppelin Airship Co., limited, goes without saying. When a Committee was appointed for scientific technical experiments this man of purely commercial training was made its president. The Government made him an adviser of the Railway Department. On his 60th birthday the Technical High School of Charlottenburg conferred on him the Doctor's degree honoris causa. He was then already on the Committee of 23 large limited Companies and a member of the Berlin Chamber of Commerce.

In his successful career he was greatly favoured by his exceptional popularity. He at once became a favourite in every circle he entered, because his optimism and his kind-heartedness asserted themselves quickly and found their expression in his kind-heartedness asserted themselves quickly and found their expression in his genial face and his imposing presence. Especially the workmen had a remarkable confidence in him as they well knew what an interest he took in everything tending to their welfare. The works of the Loewe firm are often visited by foreigners who wish to study the most hygienic conditions of modern manufactories. He was on principle very generous in rewarding any suggestion of a workman for the slightest improvement, paying prizes even for useless hints if they only showed a genuine interest in the concern. On the new premises of the firm we find thick wooden floors everywhere despite the danger of fire, because the health and comfort of the workmen appeared to him of still greater importance. The men ought not to be compelled to wear heavy footgear as a protection against the cold, he explained to his visitors, who expressed a surprise at these wooden floors in a modern workshop.

L. ASCH.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

NOTHING LIKE LEATHER. "De quatibus nonest disputandum," which, as rendered by the great English humourist, Sterne, would mean, "There is no disputing about hobby-horses." When a man is enthralled by a hobby-horse, it takes complete possession of him. It absorbs his being. Nothing is so valuable in his eyes. He ascribes to it supreme virtues. The shoe-maker was inspired by some such feeling, when he said, there is nothing like leather. Major Ronald Ross, the malaria expert, writes to the "Times" to point out that one of the principal causes of unrest in [illegible] bad housing and insanitary surroundings. [illegible] suppose that if an epidemic [illegible] were [illegible], more than half the [illegible] will be [illegible] that the political distemper will considerably abate, and wild extremists will be disposed to take a sane and clearer view of the situation. What is wanted to be done by the Government if Major Ross's advice were to be followed, is that they should set their house in order, in the literal sense, that they should make use of a new broom and sweep the country thoroughly clean. In Bombay, the City Improvement Trust may help to reduce the political temperature, which in some places is at fever heat by devoting all its energy to the construction of sanitary chawls for the [illegible]. The municipalities of all towns and villages in India may bestir themselves similarly in the cause of peace and tranquility and may facilitate the solution of the grave problem which confronts the Government by keeping the roads clean and the drains in perfect order. In this way, they may keep the inhabitants in good humour with themselves, and consequently with the rest of the world. I am pretty sure that when the full text of Major Ross's contribution is received, we shall find that the filling up of marshes and other breeding grounds of malaria occupies a prominent place in his sanitary programme. It would appear from the novel theory started by him that so long as mosquitoes and malaria revel in the insolubious conditions of India, the unrest must continue, in spite of measures, repressive as well as conciliatory. As I fancy, Major Ross may trace the discontent from its source to its climax thus, step by step, in a lengthening chain of cause and effect :—Mosquitoes and malaria ; mental derangement and nervous irritability ; a morbid and gloomy outlook on the world, crystallizing into hatred of the alien and his rule ; violence of speech and violence of action, leading eventually to the bomb and the revolver. The poet sings of dire results springing from trivial causes. A mere maiden was at the bottom of the war of which Homer sings. The little mite of a mosquito, the favourite child of insanitation, would seem to be one of the principal contributory causes of the unrest.

CRICKET AMENITIES. Mr. V. M. Patel never misses an opportunity to wax eloquent over the noble game of cricket. He ascribes to it almost every virtue under the sun. He thinks that it exercises a potent influence in the unification of divergent races, and that as promoting friendship and good will throughout the British Empire, it may be held as an invaluable imperial asset. I am sceptical, for my part, as to the unifying properties of the game. Cricket may be played in a manly and sportsmanlike spirit, yet defeat brings disappointment, and perhaps, also a lurking sense of bitterness and vexation. This feeling is intensified in proportion to the importance of the fixture, and it reaches a climax, when the contest is glorified as international. The cricket matches between England and Australia do not add, I think, to the love which is felt by the British and their antipodean cousins for one another. They have been marred sometimes by unpleasant incidents. I admire cricket as the noblest of out-door sports ; I love to see a good contest; but I cannot claim for it that it serves as a great binding force between race and race, aye, even between members of the same race.

RACIAL RIVALRY. Who will be so bold as to affirm that cricket has made Hindus and Parsis better friends ? The conduct of a section of the crowd at the last triangular contest was discreditable. It exhibited its ill-feeling in a variety of questionable ways. On inquiry, I was told that the hostility had been provoked by a partial decision of the Hindu umpire in the Parsi-Hindu match. I am not in a position to pronounce any judgment on the verdict of the umpire. Even supposing, for the sake of argument, that he committed an error of judgment, it cannot excuse the conduct of the rabble. They presented a spectacle of disunion, at which the Europeans must have smiled disdainfully. They may have said unto themselves, "Lord, how these Indians love one another !" And if we break out into hostility with one another on the slightest provocation, how are we to accomplish our national unity, and when? Not till the Greek Kalends, I fear, at this rate! If these contests must act as the breeding ground of jealousy and ill-will, they had better be stopped altogether. They are not then international, but rather internecine. It is perfectly natural and perfectly proper to wish, and most keenly, our own men to win. But an exhibition of hatred and ill-nature on the part of the spectators is not "playing the game." The newspapers, which condone or excuse such intemperance on either side have sadly mistaken their mission.

A GREAT LEVELLER. Among the grounds on which cricket may be justly commended, not the least important is that it is a great leveller. The Hindu team, which did battle for its community at the Triangular matches contained some members of lower castes with whom the higher castes do not ordinarily associate, nor would they so much as touch them. Had the prejudices against the untouchables been carried into sport the Hindus would have been without the service of one of the finest bowlers in India, one who, I understand, in courtesy and modesty may afford an example to his betters.

BELLICOSE BARBERS. A pretty caste squable is proceeding in Kolhapur. The details, as contained in a Marathi newspaper, are these. The barbers of Kolhapur, in meeting assembled, have boycotted the Jingars, a caste dealing in leatherware. They have declared that they are low-castes, and that it would, therefore, be a pollution to shave them. It is not explained how it is that the barbers who used to serve the Jingars all these years without demur, have suddenly awakened to the belief that they are untouchables. It is probable that their religious sense has been quickened by some dispute between themselves and their quondam clients. It has divided the town into two parties, each having a local print on its side to espouse its cause. One of the papers extols the action of the barbers, while its rival condemns them as bigotted and intolerant. Be it said to the honour of some representatives of the higher castes that they held a public meeting, at which they passed resolutions sympathizing with the Jingars, and regretting the boycott. The barbers never touch the untouchables ; but it is maintained that the Jingars, although they rank low in the social scale, do not come under that class. But while the barbers hold out, the Jingars, I suppose, will be in an unenviable position. They will cut a ludicrous figure in the town with a fine crop of hair on their usually clean shaven heads and chins. They must present themselves as bearded barbarians, unless they can import men from outside to perform the tonsorial operations denied to them at home. No barber, I apprehend, will undertake to serve them at the risk of social ostracism by his brethren of Kolhapur. The paper, from which I have taken the details of this case, advises both sides to compose their differences without more ado. There are so many disruptive forces at work in the heterogeneous mass comprising the great Hindu community that any addition to them is deeply to be deplored. They seriously impede the efforts of those enlightened members of the community, who are working for unity on the basis of social and religious equality.

DION.

FIERCE RIOTING IN BERLIN.

POLICE USE THEIR SWORDS VIGOROUSLY.

Many People Injured.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Fighting broke out again in the Moabit quarter of Berlin yesterday at dinner time, and lasted intermittently until after midnight. The strikers made formidable fighters and were assisted by a big mob. They used every kind of missile against the police, who were endeavouring to check them. The rioters stormed the Church of the Reformation, smashed valuable [illegible] and did other damage. Forty-two [illegible] were injured, of these were finally [illegible] by the police, who used their swords vigorously.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

Further rioting took place in Berlin last night. The police who had been reinforced moved on a crowd of strikers whereupon their sympathisers in the windows immediately bombarded the police with bottles, briquettes, flower-pots and crockery. The police charged with drawn swords and fired Browning pistols at their assailants in the windows.

Ninety persons were injured, thirteen seriously. Two policemen were hurt.

The rioting of Monday evening was without parallel. The crowd displayed a atrocious thirst for blood and a woman was conspicuous in leading the charges.

LATER.

Fighting in Berlin was continued well into the small hours of the morning. The Official report says the rioters last night were not hooligans as on Monday but were better class workmen.

THE COTTON DISPUTE.

Acute Situation.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

The cotton crisis is regarded as acute. The Secretary of the Card Room Operatives Amalgamation has replied to the employers that they are prepared to accede to the request regarding the re-starting of Fern Mill, on condition that the dismissed operative is reinstated.

The Secretary, being interviewed, said that the men had reached the limit of concession. He did not intend to summon another meeting of the Executive.

The Secretary of the Oldham Employers Association, in an interview, was equally emphatic that the employers would not yield. They had already made an important concession in agreeing to arbitration.

CAMBRIAN COLLIERIES TROUBLE.

Ballot against General Strike.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

The ballot of the South Wales Miners shows a majority opposed to a general strike, but favours a levy on behalf of the miners employed by the Cambrian Trust.

MR. ROOSEVELT WINS.

A Stormy Election.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

At the Saratoga Convention after a stormy sitting, Mr. Roosevelt was triumphantly elected chairman, polling 567 votes against 445 obtained by Mr. Sherman.

Mr. Roosevelt taking the chair recounted Mr. Taft's progressive legislation. He promised the punishment of any Republican guilty of corruption. Their first duty was the war against dishonesty.

The New Hampshire Republican Convention has adopted a progressive platform, commending the Congress for carrying out Roosevelt policies, and favouring the revision of the tariff at the earliest opportunity and reciprocity with Canada.

TRANS-ALPINE FLIGHT.

M. Chavez Succumbs to his Injuries.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

The airman, M. Chavez, has died in hospital after much suffering.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

The Milan Aviation Committee has paid to a brother of M. Chavez, the Trans-Alpine prize of £2,000.

GERMANY AND PORTUGAL.

LONDON, SEPT 27.

The Kaiser has invited King Manuel to visit Berlin in December, when great festivities and a military review will be arranged. Special importance is attached to the visit.

THE CORONATION.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Lloyds are insuring against loss contingent on a possible postponement of the Coronation at from eight to ten guineas per cent. The rate is expected to increase, but will be less than in the case of the Coronation of King Edward, King George being a younger man.

THE Government has informed the Almora Municipality that Almora is now sufficiently advanced to manage its own affairs without further official direction.

LORD C. BERESFORD AND THE NAVY.

Open Letter to the Premier.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Lord Charles Beresford, in an open letter to Mr. Asquith, regarding the safety of the Empire, demands an immediate provision for the laying down of seven Dreadnoughts in addition to the five to be laid down next year. He quotes the numbers of Dreadnoughts available for the Triple Alliance at either 13 or 14, and shows that otherwise the position will be fraught with a danger, which cannot be exaggerated.

The strength of the Fleet, he says, must be measured by the work it has to perform. He insists on the necessity of a powerful fleet in the Mediterranean and a strong squadron in the Far East, for the adequate protection of our interests in the Dominions and in India. To meet these demands, he concludes, a substantial loan is requisite.

THE CHURCH CONGRESS.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

The Fiftieth Annual Church Congress was officially opened at Cambridge to-day. Two thousand members proceeded to Ely, where thirty Bishops and hundreds of clergy, in their robes, moved in a procession to the Cathedral, with the banners of forty-nine previous Congresses carried by students. The procession took place in brilliant sunshine.

The Archbishop of York preached. He deplored divisions in Christianity. He was convinced that in the end Biblical criticism would be a confirmation of their historic faith. The working of the Gospel in the homes and hearths of men would be the final criterion.

MR. REDMOND'S TOUR.

Speech at Buffalo.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

At a meeting of the United Irish League at Buffalo, Mr. Redmond has appealed for help to secure freedom for Ireland, which he believed could be attained in this generation. "We shall have Home Rule immediately the power of the Lords is destroyed."

LATER.

Mr. Redmond, in a speech last night at Buffalo, said he was perfectly confident of the future. Unless the Lords surrendered the power to reject bills passed by the Commons there would be a General Election in January. He believed the Liberal leaders were sincere, but anyhow, he said, we shall make them toe the line.

ALLEGED GERMAN ESPIONAGE.

Lieut. Helm Committed for Trial.

LONDON, SEPT 28.

Lieut. Helm has been committed for trial. He will be admitted to bail in his own recognisances for £1,000 and two sureties from Englishmen of £500 each. Meanwhile he has been remanded to the Winchester gaol.

TRANSVAAL INDIANS HEAVILY FINED.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Reuter wires from Volksrust that three Indians with false permits have been sentenced to nine months' hard labour, or fines of from £50 to £75. One of the prisoners was given an extra six months for attempted bribery.

PLAGUE AMONGST FRENCH TROOPS.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Four deaths from plague have occurred among the French mixed troops in the Casa Blanca hinterland.

CHOLERA IN EUROPE.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Eight fresh cases of cholera with four deaths have occurred in the vicinity of Naples.

TURKISH GRAND VIZIER.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

The Turkish Grand Vizier, after an interview with Count von Aehrental in Vienna, has proceeded to Constantinople.

LATEST LONDON BETTING.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

The latest Cesarewitch betting is :—7 to 2 against Bronzino ; 100 to 6 Verney ; 100 to 8 against K. C. B. Last call was scratched this morning.

CRICKET.

LONDON, SEPT. 27.

Lord Hawke has resigned the captaincy of the Yorkshire cricket team.

IT is announced by Lieut.-Col Afsur Ul Mulk, Bahadur, K. C. I. E., M. V. O., Commanding His Highness the Nizam's regular forces that every officer and man in the regular troops have contributed a day's pay towards the King Edward Memorial local Fund.

PAYMENT OF MEMBERS.

Newspaper Controversy.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

The letters of Mr. F. E. Smith and Mr. Arthur Lee in the papers regarding the payment of members, threaten to develope a controversy in the Unionist press. The proposal for the payment of members has already been advocated by the *Morning Post*, the *Pall Mall Gazette*, the *Observer*, the *Standard* and the *Globe*. The proposal is denounced to-day by the *Daily Telegraph* as a vain bribe. The *Daily Mail* says that it is extravagant and undesirable.

LATER.

The speech to be delivered by Mr. Balfour on 5th October at Edinburgh is awaited with widespread interest. It is presumed that he will give a general lead to the party and indicate the policy regarding the payment of members.

ERECTION OF STATUE TO LORD MINTO.

Inauguration of a Fund.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 28.

Subscriptions amounting to Rs. 70,000 were promised at the preliminary meeting held at he invitation of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, to inaugurate a fund for the erection of a statue in Calcutta to Lord Minto. Speeches were delivered by Mr. Monteath, President of the Chamber, Sir Prodyot Kumar Tagore, the Maharaja of Durbhanga, Mr. F. A. Larmour, Rai Norendro Nath Sen, Bahadur, Raja Peary Mohun Mukerji and Mr. R.D. Mehta, C. I. E., eulogising Lord Minto's services to India.

The executive committee which was appointed, includes the names of Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Mr. R. W. Carlyle, Mr. Sinha, Mr. Slacke, the Nawab of Murshidabad, the Maharajas of Burdwan, Darbhanga and Cossimbazar, Dr Rash Behari Ghosh and Babu Bhupendranath Basu. The general committee includes 600 names, representative of all India.

The Nizam of Hyderabad subscribed Rs. 10,000, the Maharaja of Bikaner Rs. 7,000, the Maharaja of Patiala Rs. 7,000, the Maharaja of Kashmir Rs. 7,000, the Maharaja of Scindia Rs. 5,000, the Maharaja of Darbhanga Rs. 5,000, Ranjitsinhji, the Maharaja Jamsaheb, Rs. 3,000, Maharaj Adhiraj Bahadur of Burdwan Rs. 3,000, the Maharaja of Kotah Rs. 3,000, the Raja of Chamba Rs. 2,000, the Maharaja of Palanpur Rs. 2,000, the Maharaja Sir Prodyot Coomar Tagore Rs. 1,000, Raja Binaya Krishna Deb Bahadur Rs. 1,000, the Nawab of Rampur Rs. 1,000, the Maharaja of Bhavnagar Rs. 1,000, the Maharaja of Hill Tipperah Rs. 1,000, the Maharaja of Bobbili Rs. 1,000, the Ruler of Khairpur Rs. 1,000, the Raja of Kishengarh Rs. 1,000, and the Maharaja of Dhar Rs. 1,000.

LORD MINTO'S ARRANGEMENTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 28.

As at present arranged Lord Minto leaves Simla on the 2nd of November for Patiala where a durbar will be held on the morning of the 3rd, at which His Excellency will instal the young Maharajah on the gadi. There will be a banquet in the evening and extensive preparations are being made in the State to celebrate the occasion. From Patiala the Viceroy proceeds direct to Agra where he spends the 4th, 5th, and 6th ; thence His Excellency goes on to Allahabad to see the arrangements for the Exhibition. Banares will afterwards be visited and Calcutta will be reached on the 12th of November.

At Calcutta, Lord Minto will remain to receive Lord Hardinge and to bid farewell to his friends until either the twenty-first or the twenty-second of November when he will leave for Bombay embarking for Europe about the twenty-fourth.

As now arranged the Viceroy and Lady Minto will spend a couple of days in Rampur State on their way from Simla to Calcutta.

BURMA SOCIETY (LONDON).

Branch to be Formed in Burma.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPT. 28.

A meeting will shortly be convened for the purpose of considering the formation of a Burmah branch of the Burma Society (London) This society was formed in 1906, the object being the bringing together of students from Burma in England, and assisting them in the various courses they undertook. Almost all the Burmese in England are active members, Sir Frederick Fryer, the late Lieutenant-Governor, being President. It remains now to supply the connection in the province by the formation of a provincial branch with a strong voluntary committee. The Home and Local Governments have promised material support.

SPITTING IN A COURT.

Four Indians Fined.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPT. 28.

Four natives of India to-day were sentenced to the fines of Rs. 15, Rs 10 and Rs. 5 respectively by Second Additional Magistrate for spitting in the corridor of the new Chief Court buildings.

RAM MOHAN ROY ANNIVERSARY.

Hindu Lady's Enthusiasm.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 28.

There was a large and interesting gathering yesterday in Anderson Hall, Esplanade, for the celebration of the 77th anniversary of the death of Sir Rajah Ram Mohan Roy, under the auspices of the Southern India Brahmo Samaj. Mr. S. Subramanaya Pantulu, B.A., B.L., Judge, Small Causes Court, Madras, took the chair. The speaker of the evening was the gifted Alarmaldmany Amall. Her appearance on the dais called for continued applause. Without a scrap of notes this middle-aged handsome Hindu lady spoke in Tamil for nearly half an hour and she referred to the life of Raja Ram Mohun Roy and the interest he took in the education of women. She advocated the establishment of homes for Hindus like those in Bombay and Lahore.

SEETHA BRIDGE DISASTER.

Report of the Enquiry Committee.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, SEPT. 28.

The finding of the Railway Board of Enquiry comprising Messrs. C. P. George, Loco and Carriage Superintendent., E. B. Pasey, Acting Chief Engineer, H. J. Dunlop, Acting Traffic Manager, on the Seetha Bridge disaster on the N. G. A. Railway between Mudked and Mugat stations on the 14th instant is as follows :—

"We are of opinion that the accident was due to the under-mining of one or more piers of the west abutment of the bridge over the Seetha River, occasioned by a tremendous rush of water due to abnormal rainfall and the bursting of the Donga tank situated two miles above the bridge which caused the bridge to collapse under the weight of the engine and and tender. We have arrived at this opinion from (1) the evidence at Chief Inspector Fisher, (2) position of the engine and bogie carriage, (3) that river did not top flow over bridge, (4) that the driver had sufficient warning to apply vacuum brake and thereby considerably diminish loss of life and damage to property.

"The evidence shows that there was nothing to indicate to the patrol man that the bridge was unsafe, but at same time it is clear from the evidence that the patrol man was late in setting out on the second beat from Mudked and that he did not cross the bridge immediately before the accident. We consider the rules regarding the issue and collection of patrol sheets require revision."

The enquiry was attended by the Senior Government Inspector of Railways and Superintendent, Railway Police, N. G. S. Railway. The former expressed the opinion that the patrol system on the N. G. S. Railway one of the most perfect in vogue in India was Ganoo, the missing patrol man, is supposed, to have bolted after the accident through fright. On account of being late, credence is lent to this theory by the discovering his lamp close to the line some days after the accident. The lamp was uninjured and free from rust. It is recorded that the bridge was examined nine days before the accident by Mr. Fisher, Chief Inspector and found safe for traffic.

Official intimation received from Traffic Manager's office, N. G. S. Railway late this evening reads as follows:—"Branches at mile 229 between Mudkhed and Mugat and at mile 250 between Kakheli and Umri, H. G. V. R. repaired and through-communication restored. Through traffic resumed both goods and coaching. Passengers trains running to time with new time tables.

A party working at the scene of the Seetha Bridge disaster reports that information was received from a village five miles distant that a corpse much decomposed was found six days ago and buried. The local police produced boots and coat found with the corpse which have been identified as belonging to the driver Thoy who has been missing since the accident occurred. Exhumation has been prohibited by the police on sanitary grounds, but it will be probably disinterred later and brought for burial.

POONA ISLAMIA SCHOOL.

Annual Prize Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT 28.

A large gathering which included among others the Hon. Mr. Curtis, Commissioner, C.D., Sardar Dastur Kaikobad, High Priest of the Parsees in the Deccan, Sardar Nowrojee Pudumjee, Divan Bahadur V. M. Samarth, Mr. Jussuf H. Jaffer and others assembled at the Islamia school for the annual distribution of prizes by the Hon. Mr. Lamb.

The Hon. Maulvie Raffiuddin Ahmad in opening the proceedings said great progress had been made since the school had been opened by Sir John Muir Mackenzie two years ago and when the school was started there were only 80 on the rolls, but at the present time there are 200 boys and 130 girls attending the school.

After distributing the prizes the Hon. Mr. Lamb addressing the assembly said that in the brief period of three years the school had advanced considerably. Not less encouraging was the testimony of the Inspector to the satisfactory nature of instruction. The Mohomedan community had now awakened fully to the need for the instruction of the young on moderate lines and indeed even more fully to the need for teaching the girls than had yet been the case among other races. After commending diligence and obedience to scholars the hon. speaker said:—"For the progress of your community as whole it is is essential that there should be concord and union, each section subordinating its own individual aspirations to the furtherance of the good of all."

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 28.

The preliminary railways and irrigation programmes are now under discussion. It is understood that owing to the stringency in London Money Market, the Railway programme is likely to be fixed at fifteen and a half crores and irrigation programme at one crore and seventy-five lakhs of thereabouts. The programme will be sent home far approval of the Secretary of State early next month. The Secretary of State has sanctioned the construction of a railway from Pilibit to Shahjahanpur by the Agency of the Bengal-North-Western Railway.

Both Sir T. R. Wynne, President, Railway Board, and Mr. Finney, a Member, will make autumn tour before returning to Calcutta, the former proceeding to Bombay, the latter to Southern India, visiting Bombay en route. Mr. Wood proceeds direct to Calcutta and on return of Sir T. R. Wynne and Mr. Finney to Headquarters will tour over the southern section of the G. I. P. Railway.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 28.

A Press Communuque states :—The Government of India have decided that a military pensioner re-employed in any capacity may draw pension in addition to his pay on re-employment subject to the condition that the combined pay and pension do not exceed the emoluments which he was drawing at the time of retirement.

The advance party of 1st Battalion Border Regiment to relieve Royal Scots Fusiliers arrived yesterday from Wellington by the s.s. "Gwalior."

Sanction has been accorded to leave in India for officers serving under 1886 rules being capable of extension up to two years.

Lieutenant Malik Mumtaz Muhumad Khan has seven months' leave.

DACCA SHOOTING CASE.

Prosecution Witnesses Cross-Examined.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, SEPT. 28.

The proceeding of the sixth day of the Inspector shooting case commenced at 1-30 p.m. before the Additional Magistrate, Gangacharan Chatterji.

Witness Omar Ostagar being cross-examined stated :—"I came at the evening from Rai Shaheb's Bazar to my house, but the shortest way is through a lane from Rai Shaheb's Bazar to Narinda, but I don't usually go that way, but by the main road via Lakshibazar which goes across the place of the occurrence. I know Inspector Sarat Ghosh for many years, but I don't if he knows me. I did not notice any one on my way from Rai Shaheb's Bazar up to the church where the occurrence took place. Just after hearing the report of a gun I saw Sarat Babu holding accused by the hair, then they grappled with each other. I got startled at the first report and stopped for a few seconds. I ran on hearing the second report and when I came within 4 cubits from Sarat Babu he sat down, his stick and chadder were lying together. I saw a small ring of fire glowing on his coat. I first recognised Sarat Babu when I came within 4 or 5 cubits from him. After Sarat Babu was shot, I was not afraid but pursued the assailants. Sarat Babu shouted I am killed, how many times I don't remember, I knew from before that P. M. G. Hamilton lives close by, but neither I nor Sarat Babu thought of informing him. Accused had a white shirt and shoes on and both ran away together. I and Sarat Babu went in a carriage to hospital via the European Club and Jagannath School on the Patuatooly Road, then, after some time we went by Sankharibazar Road and not by Patuatooly Road. I was not taken to the Kotwali after the occurrence. I was not shown the accused. I am not any police spy and am not employed to watch the movement of boys. I usually pass by the house of the accused and can't say how many times I have seen the accused. I don't know if Sashi Babu has got any other grown up son. I don't know on which side of the road Sashi Babu's house is. I know Sashi Babu by appearance but don't know if he is the father of the accused Nripendra. I had never any dealing with Nripendra. I know none of the houses of pleaders and other respectable men living on Lakshmibazar Road."

Next, Hedayetulla, driver, cross-examined stated:—"I went to the station to reach a passenger and on my return I took Sarat Babu to hospital. I usually carry passengers, but can't say when the trains come and leave. I met no known carriage in the way. I know Sarat Babu, but he does not know me. I recognised Sarat Babu, he was sitting facing south in which direction I was going. Sarat Babu was then about 4 cubits off from me, his stick was lying at 2 cubits off from his chudder. Big chowkies, paper pyramids are constructed on Janmastamy festivals near the Club, the Church and at Nawabpur and they are lighted and exhibited for about a week after Janmastamy and thousands of people visit those paper pyramids up till midnight. This year also similar thing took place. It might be noted that the courrence alleged to have taken place at abont 8 a. m. on the road near the Church which Janmastamy visitors would pass by."

Next witness Bunkim Chunder Chowdury, Senior Sub-Inspector, cross-examined, stated:—"Big chowkis' paper pyramids are constructed on Janmastamy occasion near the European Club and at Nawabpur and many visitors come. Last Janmastamy festival took place on 30th August."

The Court here rose for the day at 6 p.m.

ARABINDO GHOSH'S PRESS.

Application for Withdrawal of Attachment.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 28.

At the Calcutta Police Court to-day Mr. N. L. Bagchi heard the case in which Babu Girija Sunder Chakravarty applied to the offg. Chief Presidency Magistrate for the withdrawal of the attachment of the Srinarayan Press belonging to the absconding defendant, Mr. Arabindo Ghosh. Babu Bimala Kanta Sen, Manager of the Komola Printing Works, deposed to having sold the press to the applicant. Babu Manoj Mohan Bose, appeared for the applicant.

The Court :—From whom did you receive the instalments.

From Babu Girija Sunder Chakravarty, the applicant.

The Court :—Did you ever get any money from Mr. Arabindo Ghosh or did you see him at all in connection with this transaction?

No, never.

The Manager of the Victoria type foundry was then examined. He said that Babu Girija Sunder Chakravarty had purchased types from his firm for the Srinarayan Press; the account stood in Girija Babu's name.

Do you know Mr. Arabindo Ghosh?—No.

Monoj Babu then asked the police to produce the account books and vouchers taken away at the time of the search of the Srinarayan Press.

Tarak Babu.—They could not be brought to Court as they are all mixed up in a heap.

Monoj Babu.—This is the third time we asked for their production. They seem to be much quicker in taking away things than bringing them back.

Tarak Babu.—Let my friend kindly give me a notice informing me of the documents he wants and they will be produced the next time.

The matter was then adjourned until October 25th next for further hearing.

ATTEMPTED TRAIN WRECKING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 28.

A Bengali youth named Tincowrie Jogi was charged before the Sub-divisional Officer of Howrah yesterday, with attempted train wrecking. It transpired in the evidence that the nine o'clock up passenger train was leaving Munsherhat station on the Howrah Amta Railway for Amta, when a coupling pin was removed by the accused, who was arrested redhanded by a special duty C. I. D. constable. The accused was remanded.

MISAPPROPRIATION BY POSTAL PEON.

Accused Sentenced.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, SEPT. 28.

Another postal peon employed at Kiamari Post Office, Karachi, was convicted and sentenced by Judicial Commissioner yesterday to undergo two years' rigorous imprisonment for misappropriating Rs. 5-13-0 and secreting 1,217 letters entrusted to him for delivery in May last.

NASIK CONSPIRACY CASE

Third Day's Proceedings.

AT the resumed hearing of the Nasik Conspiracy Case before the Special Tribunal consisting of the Hon. Sir Basil Scott (Chief Justice), the Hon. Sir Narayen Chandavarkar and the Hon Mr. Justice Heaton, in the Bombay High Court on Wednesday, the Advocate General, Mr. M. R. Jardine, continued his address for the Crown. He said that the speeches made by Vinayak D. Savarker which he had quoted on the previous day were made at public meetings and were apparently made in the presence of policemen, who must have been known to the prisoners. He thought it was a legitimate inference to draw that in their private meetings they probably discussed questions in a very different way and advocated more extreme measures. He had now brought the events that took place in this country down to 1907. In May of that year a meeting took place in England on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the Mutiny of 1857. At that meeting Vinayak spoke on what he described as "one of the heroes of the Mutiny." At that meeting, mutiny badges were distributed and one of these was found in Vinayak's box, when he was arrested. Coming to the following year, 1908, about the middle of that year was formed the Ganu Vaidya Society, the object of which was apparently the obtaining of Swaraj, the collection of money, weapons and explosives. The prosecution suggested that this little group had banded themselves together as a direct result of what had been dinned into the ears of the youths of Nasik prior to that time. In July of that year a meeting was held at Nasik to express sympathy with Tilak who had just then been convicted in the High Court. At that meeting apparently a photograph of Tilak was placed on a chair. It would be proved that in September, 1908, Vinayak printed in London a bomb manual, a pamphlet on the manufacture of bombs and this and other publications were posted from various parts of London to India. About the same time there was a Dussara disturbance in Nasik, when two persons who proved to be Members of the Mitra Mela were convicted. It did not appear that up to the end of 1908 the Ganu Vaidya Society and another similar one formed about the same time by Deshpande, Chandratre and others had been doing very much in pursuance of their objects. At the beginning of 1909 Vinayak gave the oath to Chaturbhuj in London. Chaturbhuj from his own account was not very willing to take the oath, but was prevailed upon to do so. On March 1, Ganesh Savarkar was arrested in Bombay in the house, where accused No. 15 lived.

The Advocate General in the afternoon laid before the Court documentary evidence and other proofs material to the case for the prosecution, such as the tracing of arms to the possession of Ganesh Savarker and the connection of Harchandra Dass with the conspiracy, inasmuch as the latter was the chemist in the Alipore Bomb case.

Two historical documents were next read by Mr. Weldon to show incitement to violence, and then followed a long list of letters and references relied on the prosecution for establishing the existence of the conspiracy and Narayan Ganesh Damodar Savarker's connection therewith.

Commenting upon the correspondence put in, the Advocate-General remarked that it was a significant thing that all this correspondence had been hidden away, and apparently Ganesh was very anxious that Narayan should get it out of the way by raporting the story about the five rupee note.

The next phase in the prosecution's opening was the tendering of a list of addresses amongst which appeared the name of Sukaram Kashikar accused No. 37, who appeared to have been a clerk in the Loco-Office at Igatpuri. A search was next made in his house and other incriminating documents were found by the police. This search was made on the 12th of March, 1909. The rules or regulations governing the conspiracy, or the branches connected with it were next proved and a request for uninterrupted supplies of money for providing weapons of destruction. By the term "mental culture", was meant, remarked the learned Advocate-General, "independence" and not ordinary education. To illustrate this meaning the Advocate-General referred to certain maps sketched for the purpose of waging river warfare, and hints on horse riding and taking aim with muskets. Further documentary exhibits were referred to to prove the numbers of meetings held of different branches of the conspiracy, and the prosecuting Counsel submitted that the internal evidence showed that the interpretation which the prosecution put upon it was perfectly correct.

After suggesting that item 47 of the exhibits was an editorial representation of the movement, the Advocate-General put in certain ink sketches and photographic exhibits of busts of Kudiram Bose, Mr. Rand, Damodar Chapekar, Tilak, Pranjpe, Tantia Topee, Shivaji and others, which were discovered when Kashigar's house was searched, with the finding of papers on Indian chemistry, a letter from "the Indian Hercules" and a looking glass with Mr. Tilak's photograph terminated the searches made by the police so far as this case was concerned.

SEARCH FOR EXPLOSIVES AND PISTOLS.

The learned Advocate-General next proposed to deal with what happened in 1909 and to classify the events under two heads, namely, explosives and pistols. For the purpose of convenience he would treat them separately. Starting with explosives they had to do, most of all with what happened between Bombay and Nasik, that was to say between the Bombay and Nasik Groups. This would show the connection between each member of the two groups and the members of the Groups themselves. It appeared that Bhatt, accused No. 15, would be found in a photograph taken at Nasik in which a number of members of the Metra Mela appeared. Among others were Vinayak and Narayan Savarkar. Kathe was also a member of the Bombay Group, and Counsel would also be able to show the connection between Patankar and the Nasik Group. In dealing with the Bombay Group, Counsel named Bhatt, Dhatte, Patankar, Karre, Narpukar and Moge. Karre was an M. A. and in 1909 a student of Professor Guzzar. Narpukar was a student of the Technical College and Moge had attended the same institute. The study of chemistry was undertaken for the purpose of manufacturing explosives. This idea started in Bombay in the mind of Karve in 1909. He brought Karre and suggested he should learn how to make them. Narpurkar was introduced by Karve to Karre as a teacher, and shortly after they actually prepared some explosives. Later on Karve took explosives to Poona.

Counsel here left the accused's connection with Poona and then introduced Deshpande, who was hanged, and Chandratray, who came to Bombay from Nasik, and taught Soman to prepare explosives after learning how to do so themselves, in Bombay. Soman (transported) in turn taught Dandekar. That was briefly what took place in regard to picric acid, observed counsel, who next proposed to furnish the Court, with a history of the evidence as to the lot of 20 Browning pistols which were handed in February 1909 by Vinayak Savarker to Chutterbuj by whom they were brought out to Bombay. The prosecution relied very strongly on the connection between the pistols and the explosives.

A report as to the despatch and Chuturbhuj's arrival in Bombay with these pistols has already appeared, and before the entire details could be given by the prosecuting Counsel, the Court adjourned for lunch.

HISTORY OF THE PISTOLS.

On the resumption of the hearing after the adjournment, the Hon'ble the Advocate-General proceeded to give a history of the pistols after they had been handed over to Patankar. The Advocate General said Patanker gave the pistols to Marathe at Pen, where a bifurcation took place, some of the pistols remaining with Marathe at Pen and the rest going to Bombay. Patanker who took back the latter pistols gave them to Knare and Karve in Bombay, and from the latter places they went to Nasik, Poona and other towns for distribution. As to the pistols that remained at Pen, they were distributed among the people there. Marathe stated two of the pistols had been stolen. The rest of the pistols were either found with some of the accused and others not accused in this case or pointed out by them. The persons who were not the accused in this case had been convicted under the Arms Act. Twenty pistols would be relied upon by the prosecution as having been brought into India from Europe. Altogether there were twenty-one pistols, nineteen of which were found and two were represented by the accused to have been stolen. They were worth about Rs. 40 or Rs. 50 each and must have cost a great deal to the accused. The fact that some of the pistols were found at Pen proved the connection of that place with Bombay, Poona and other places where the conspiracy had been going on. On the accused being searched on their arrest, pistols, swords, sulphuric acid letters in cipher code and other things were found with some of them. With V. D. Savarker were found, among other things, copies of the "Indian Sociologist," a mutiny badge and something apparently written in cipher code. One of the witnesses was forced against his will by V. D. Savarker to take the oath of secrecy at the India House, London, and was also forced to bring into India a revolver and other things. The Hon'ble the Advocate-General concluded his address by saying that the facts he had stated were the outlines of the case against the accused.

Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Government solicitor, and Public Prosecutor, identified the signatures of the secretaries to Government on papers containing sanction.

Raghunath Venkatesh Gosave, examined by the Advocate-General, said he was a Deshasth Brahmin as Inamdar and a merchant. He had lived for many years in Nasik. He had known of a society named "Mitra Mela" which was started in 1903 and he had been a member of it from its beginning. Ganesh Savarker, Vinayak Savarker, Gorhe, Vishnu Mahadeo Bhut, Aba alias Govinda Darekar, and Vishnu Ganesh Kelkar also were the original members. The object of that Society when first started was the celebrations of religious festivities and the promotion of trade. Many joined the Society after it commenced, among then being, Narayen Savarker, Bapu Joshi, Mahadeo Gadgil, Ganpati Navi, Khushal Sing Pardeshi, Dhanaspa Valve, and Shanker Gir Gosvie. If the accused in this case V. D. Savarker, Goreh, Bhatt, Kishna Mahadeo, Vishnu Ganesh Kelker, and Narayen Savarker were the members of the Society.

The Society used to meet in Govind Darekar's house in Nasik, where in the beginning discussions were carried on as to how religious elevation could be obtained and how trade could be promoted. Three or four years after, the members began to say that the present Government practised "zulum" and that some "khatpat" must be made. Suggestions were made to first instruct the people's mind with a view to put a stop to the "zulum," by means of lectures, etc. Witness remained a member of the Society till August, 1908, when he left it because he did not approve of the talk that the Government was oppressive. The Society decided to get the people to become member after their minds had been excited by means of lectures. The Society was then to give physical training to them.

ALLEGED "ZULUM."

The Advocate-General : How were they going to put a stop to the alleged "Zulum"?

Witness : Attempts were to be made to wage war against the Government.

Continuing witness said accounts of the lives of Mazzini, Garibaldi, Shivaji, Vasudeo Balwant Phadke, and accounts of the revolutionary wars of England were read at the meeting, which were presided over by V. D. Savarker, G. D. Savarker, Gore and others and were attended by from about 10 to 20 people. The meetings were held after 9-30 p.m. He remembered V. Savarker going to England. The three Savarkers and S. D. Gore used to be present when discussions were carried on as to how to put a stop to the "zulum."

In what way was the war to be waged?—By collecting arms, men and money.

How were arms to be collected?—They were to be obtained from the Mogulai and Nizam's territories and from France. This was suggested by V. D. Savarker.

Continuing witness said, that V. D. Savarker talked nothing about France, but talked a great deal about Mazzini. Efforts were to be made to obtain arms from France. The other topic of discussion at the meetings was the Calcutta Bombs and G. D. Savarker said that in these bombs a new weapon had come into existence. There were subscriptions which were collected by the secretaries. The subscriptions were used to defray the cost of publishing books to send men to get information as to how arms could be collected to, assist persons charged with political offences. Poems were composed relating to political movements.

Mr. G. D. Naik defended accused Nos. 10 and 16.

Further hearing was adjourned.

MAJOR RONALD ROSS ON UNREST IN INDIA.

Major Ronald Ross, writing to the *Times*, takes the opportunity of the conclusion of the series of articles on Indian unrest, to point out that one of the principal causes of unrest is bad housing and insanitary surroundings. He reiterates the necessity for the construction of an efficient sanitary service and of closer attention to housing and town managing problems and allied questions.—*Reuter*, September 24.

Major, most freely we admit
That you *do* know a little bit
About mosquitoes ;

The I. M. S., R. A. M. C.,
And Civil Doctors bend the knee
To you, their Master ;

Tropical Science takes its lead
From theories by you decreed
And dreads your vetoes ;

Prescribe, and lo ! malaria shrinks,
Evaporate these village stinks
Which bode disaster ;

On fl[illegible]s and fever, rats and mice,
We seek your highly trained advice—
And e'en apply it ;

But that you're qualified to prate
To Viceroy and to Sec. of State ;
In fact, to drill us,

And tell us how to run this show,
Why such is such and so is so,
We must deny it.

We'll listen to you on "unrest"
When you, by scientific test,
Spot its bacillus ;

In such researches, Major Ross,
You are the undisputed boss :
All men avow it ;

Till then, though, Cobbler, to thy last,
Nor vex thyself with creed and caste—
For God's sake, stow it !

H. L. P.

September 27.

ALLEGED POLICE TYRANNY.

Enquiry Ordered.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, SEPT. 28.

A petition has been filed to-day before the Additional Magistrate Gangacharan Chatterjee by one Lal Mohan Pal of Bajrajogini withia the Munshiganj sub-division alleging that one Mafizuddi Meer, alleging himself to be a Sub-Inspector entered, on the plea of house search, the petitioner's house at midnight with Ramsarup Dobey, Subadar of Sonaroj Punitive Police and three Gurkhas and some chowkidars. The party brought out a bundle of sulphur and saltpetre from the petitioner's cowshed and demanded from the petitioner Rs. 1,000, in default of which they threatened to send up under arrest the petitioner and his old father. They were wrongfully confined and cruelly molested till they could endure no more and got released by paying Rs. 520. The petitioner alleged that though the Inspector and Deputy Superintendent of Police enquired into the case and found it true, yet nothing more has been done beyond suspending the said Subadar. The Additional Magistrate called for a report of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Munshiganj on an enquiry into the matter together with the reports of the Inspector and Deputy Superintendent before the 7th October.

NEWS FROM PERSIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 28.

A Shiraz correspondent writing on the 4th instant says that Ained Dowla, Governor-elect, will leave Teheran shortly. There is some amount of budmash work occurring here and there throughout the city and Ained Dowla is a man who stands no nonsense. Solat's intentions are not known. Rumour goes that Ziffar Sultaneh, the ex-Governer, is detained at Meshdi Morghab four stages north of Shiraz, his further advance at present being threatened by the Arabs now on the road.

WHO RULES INDIA?

The letter of "Arlatious" as to who rules India—the Secretary of State or the Viceroy and the controversy that has raged thereon, involves a momentous principle of administration. A question somewhat analogous to this was raised by Dr. W. H. S. Aubrey in a very suggestive and interesting contribution to the "Westminster Review" in February 1890. The able writer in the contemporary has tried to show that, at home, the real rulers are not Prime Ministers, Parliament, or Cabinet, but that "Government" of England is "by Chief Clerks" meaning thereby permanent officials as heads of different departments of the State,—what in political parlance is called "the permanent bureaucracy. In giving below the following summary of the "Westminster Review" contribution from the pages the "Personal Rights Journal of the day wadirect the attention of ourreaders, particularly the Indian politician to note that the systems of every day administration in England and India with some reservations as to vast difference in political conditions are the same.

"It may possibly suggest a new view to those "Social economists, amateur Legislators, and official circles" who, as the writer notes, "have not yet settled where the responsibility of the individual ends and where that of the strange entity called Government begins" those to whom "the German ideal seems to be attractive" who "would like to have anything regulated by an unpending official standrad from the cradle to the grave in business and pleasure, in education and courtship, in war and industry, in literature and religion, in law and medicine." We can not be accused of having ever preached any suchideal. We have long held, as Dr. Aubrey appears to do that Bureaucracy and Centralization are modern words of ponderous sound and grave import," and we have always protested against the German ideal to which he refers, but we do not know if we had fully realised to what an extent this ideal prevails over our own strange entity called Government, until we read this very temperate matter of fact account of the unceasing machinery by which Government is carried on in our free country; nor how fully the Anglo-Saxon officials act out the belief that "the thirty-six millions of our people came into the world for their special benefit." Mr. Aubery reminds us that" the military and police are addicted to speaking of every body else as 'civilians' as if they were a separate and infirm order: and adds that "the official mind is in danger of being given over to a caste feeling as real and intense as that prevalent in India."

We must refer our readers to the illustration of the official methods and procedure which justify the statement. Meanwhile the following quotations taken almost at random from Dr. Aubery's article will, we hope, stimulate our readers' curiosity and induced them to judge it for themselves. He tells us that "an appetite for authority is insatiable in the departments of the Government. It grows by what it feeds upon. The more grist supplied to the official mill, the more does it want to grind. Pigeon-holes, flies, and letter books are burdened with endless details. Tons of printed and written matter are carried to and sent from Whitehall and its purlieus every year. Information is requested, complaints are forwarded for remarks, interrogatories are administered, grave or pretty infractions of Standing Orders are indicated, minutes without end are drafted, schemes are propounded and rules and regulations laid down. Day by day reams of foolscap papers are covered with rivulets of ink by the official Khademanthus in "My Lords desire me to say" and in "having the honor to be," on an endless variety of subjects. About many of these the knowledge possessed by the average official mind may be represented as X."

Illustrations of these are furnished and evidently furnished by "one who knows," from various Government departments, "some of which find it necessary to correspond at great length with one and another or with different branches of the same office under the same roof."

We are told how once in a while the supreme authority will insist upon seeing all but merely formal communications and also how short a time suffices for this disenchantment, how sometimes a friction thus arises between him and the permanent officials that becomes undurable or how he has to succumb to force "d'isertis" among those who, whether right or wrong, generally know far more about the matter in hand than he does himself. "He may want to know, but his thirst for information is not gratified. Awkward questions are put in the House. To answer them he must depend upon the permanent staff. . . It he persist in carrying out his own schemes in his own way, regardless of precedent, convenience or possibilities, they can effectually thewart him by severely letting him alone." We should like to give our readers some of Dr. Aubery's examples of the way in which in the war office and admiralty the customs and in land revenue, the Home office, the Local Government Board, etc., etc., etc. the "intricate and costly mechanism" results in solving the great problem of "how not to do it" but we fear to bring upon ourselves the censure and odium which has come upon the Review of Reviews as to do the author justice, we should have to quote the whole pith of his admirable and instructive article. We conclude, therefore, as we began, by earnestly recommending them to read and to ponder it for themselves.

KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

Selection of President.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, SEPT. 28.

At a meeting of the newly elected and nominated councillors of the Karachi Municipality, held last evening for the selection of President, the proposition was put in that the name of Mr. H. C. Mulla should be forwarded to the Commissioner in Sind as the selection of the Municipality for the office of President.

An amendment was proposed in favour of Hon. Mr. Harchand Bai Vishen Das. The amendment on being put to the vote was lost, 11 voting for and 18 against. The original proposition was then put and 18 votes were recorded for and 10 against. Since the selection to be forwarded to the Commissioner requires to be supported by two-thirds of the whole body viz., 24, no selection was made and the Commissioner will now proceed to nominate the President as heretofore. On a final vote 5 members who were present did not vote and three were absent.

MATHERAN NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MATHERAN, SEPT. 28.

The Government Inspector left Neral at 10-30 a.m. on the 27th instant, by the Matheran train, and arrived at Matheran at 12 noon. He left Matheran by the railway motor-car at one o'clock. He inspected the line, and passed it for reopening on the first of October. A present the climate of Matheran is very attractive and healthy. The European and native hotels have been re-opened.

INDISCREET USE OF AIR-GUN

Heavy Fine Imposed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, SEPT. 28.

Mr. W. Hunter, of the Delhi-London Bank here, was fined Rs. 150 under sec. 337 I. P.C., by the City Magistrate, Karachi, for firing pellets from an air-gun over the heads of a small crowd of persons quarrelling near his bungalow. One of the pellets struck the left shoulder blade of a native woman but the injury was by no means serious.

ARABINDO GHOSH'S PRINTER.

Released on Bail.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 28.

Monmohun Ghosh, printer of "the Karmayogin," Arabindo Ghosh's paper, who was convicted of sedition and sentenced to six months' imprisonment, was ordered to be released on bail to-day by Justices Holmwood and Dass pending hearing of the appeal.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA RACES.

2nd Day, Second Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 28.

Fine weather favoured the second day of the Poona Races though being week day the attendance showed a slight falling off. The field raled small and it was not till the fifth race that eight faced the starter, the preceding events only attracting five and six acceptances. In the last event on the card ten started, the favourite Mr. Newton's Cheechan winning as he liked. Details:—

THETALEGAON PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr F M Garda's Grey Falcon 7-13.....Barret 1
Mr Lion's Company 8-7.....Robinson 2
Mr Heath's Dumbra 9-5 .....Abbas 3

ALSO RAN.—Little Sanaya 7-7 and Sir Jamal 7-5.

BETTING.—2 to 1 against Company, 3 to 1 Dumbra, 4 to 1 Grey Falcon.

Won by a neck; 5 lengths between 2nd and 3rd. Time—1 min. 45 3-5 secs.

THE COLONIAL PLATE.—Distance one mile.

Mr Galstaun's Wild Boy 8-6 .....Ferguson 1
Messrs Goculdass and Nanjee's Cheeky 8-13 A Hoyt 2
Mr Kelso's Encourage 8-0 .....Kuhn 3

ALSO RAN.—Lady Nannie 9-11, The Missus 9-4, Runaway Girl 8 9 and Go Lightly 7 11.

BETTING.—2 to 1 against Wild Boy, 5 to 1 Lady Nannie, 4 to 1 Cheeky and Encourage.

Won by 1 1-2 lengths; same distance separating the next two. Time—1 min 48 3-5 secs.

THE STEWARDS' PURSE.—Distance 1 1-2 miles.

Mr G K's Coat of Arms, 9-8 .....Hill 1
Mr K Apcar's Five Crown, 8-13 .....L C Hoyt 2
Mr Galstaun's Winkfield's Melody 8-4...Robinson 3

ALSO RAN.—Hilarity 9-13, Oackton 9-8, Ashanti Gold 8-4, Gerrad 7-12.

BETTING.—3 to 2 against Hilarity, 4 to 1 Five Crown, and Winkfield's Melody, 6 to 1 Coat of Arms.

Won by 1 1-2 lengths; same distance between second and third Time.—2min. 42sec.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE.—Distance 1 1-4 miles.

Mr Ali bin Talib's Tajilmulok 7-12.....Ferguson 1
Mr Heath's Sir Visto 8-13.....Barrett 2
Mr Goculdass' Balmoral 8-6.....A Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN.—Parliament 8-10, Hades 8-7, and Antina 7-7.

BETTING.—2 to 1 against each Sir Visto and Parliament, 7 to 2 Tajilmulok, 6 to 1 Balmoral.

Won by 1 1-2 lengths, 10 lengths between next two Time.—2min. 25 secs.

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE.—About 5 furlongs.

Mr G K's Chivalry 8-0 .....Drew 1
Mr Galstaun's Bonny Boy 7-9 .....A Ferguson 2
Mr Apcar's Sequent 7-0 .....Kuhn 3

ALSO RAN.—Lord Merv 8-7; Castalia 8-2; Killus 8-0; Lord Carlyon 7-11 and Lady Spring 7-9.

BETTING.—Evens Bonny Boy, 4 to 1 Chivalry, and 8 to 1 Sequent.

Won by half a length; the same distance separately 2nd and 3rd. Time—1min. 3 1-4secs.

THE LAWN PLATE.—About 5 furlongs.

Mr Newton's Cheechan 7-6 .....Mujeed 1
Salanic 9-6 .....Hill 2
Mr Kadoo bin Saleh's Hishan 7-10.....Kuhn 3

ALSO RAN.—Mountain King 9-3, Minerva 8-9, Mudkoor 8-6, Maimoon 7-8, Saeed 7-6, Afreed 7-3, and Nishan 7-0.

BETTING.—2 to 1 Cheechan, 3 to 1 Mudkoor, 4 to 1 Salanic, and 8 to 1 Hishns.

Won by 4 lengths; half a length separating the second and third. Time—1 min. 9-4-5 secs.

FOOTBALL.

Bombay Rovers' Tournament.

LEICESTERS vs. BOMBAY F. C.

The semi-final tie in the Rovers' Tournament between the above teams attracted a large number of spectators to the Cooperage on Wednesday evening. The game was a most one-sided one, the Leicester men never being really extended, while the B. F. C's football was of a crude and ineffective as well as of an unattractive character. The defence of the Millitary team was much too good for the local side's forwards, the latter being unfortunate in having Maurice, who met with an accident, off the field for about ten minutes in the first half. Although he resumed playing for the remainder of the game he was practically a passenger. Kay at centre-half was really the only man on the Bombay side who played up to his reputation, although Dickson in the first half and Pack in the second played fairly well. The Leicesters all displayed good football, particularly Wale at half, and Butler at inside-right, the latter's shooting being particularly good.

Maurice kicked off for the B. F. C., and the Leicesters immediately taking the ball in the vicinity of their opponents' goal, Wale passed out to French who skied the ball in front of the goal, and the same player again obtaining put in a stinging shot, which Walker just managed to keep out, only to see Butler who was standing well up bang it into the net. This happened after the game had been on progress only a couple of minutes. The B. F. C. forwards shortly after should have equalised on two or three occasions, Maurice being at fault with weak shooting. Dickson on the left took the ball down several times out his centres were not taken advantage of. Play after this was mostly in midfield, with occasional flashes along the extreme wings by Wardle and French. A pretty movement on the part of the B. F. C's forwards was spoilt by Dickson being pulled up for offside, and from the resultant kick, French had hard lines with an excellent shot which just skimmed the Crossbar. From a free-kick well placed by Templeton, Pack nearly headed through, Owen having some difficulty in getting rid of the ball. Half-time shortly afterwards arrived with the Leicesters leading by one goal to nil.

Resuming the Leicesters took up the running, and after some effective play by Wale at centre-half, that player passed to Barton, and the latter who was only about five yards from the goalmouth, had no difficulty in registering Leicesters' second goal. Pack made several individual attempts to get through, but found it very difficult to get past Bailey, who along with Faulkes, gave the B. F. C. forwards few chances of shooting. Butler receiving the ball in midfield, tricked three or four opponents and finished a fine effort with a terrific shot which hit the inside of the crossbar and rebounded into the net. Kay was conspicuous after this with some clever work in midfield, and on several occasions passed neatly to his forwards, only to see them robbed by the opposing defence. The Leicester forwards again got going and after a nicely combined run on their part, French put in rather a simple shot, which that usually safe custodian Walker, allowed to slip through his hands. Only a few minutes later, French after a pretty run down the wing centred beautifully, and Butler contributed the Leicesters fifth goal with a shot which left Walker helpless. The whistle blew for time shortly after, leaving the Leicesters easy winners by five goals to love.

Result:—

Leicesters'	5
Bombay F. C.	0

TEAMS:—

LEICESTERS.—Goal: Owen; backs: Bailey and Oliver; half-backs: Cliffe, Wale and Whitmore; forwards; Wardle, Butler, Barton, Shingler and French.

BOMBAY F. C.—Goal: Walker; backs: C. Templeton and Chapman; half-backs: Booker, Kay and H. Templeton; forwards: Harwood, Woolley, Maurice, Pack and Dickson.

The final tie in the tournament will take place on Saturday evening on the Cooperage, the opposing teams being the Leicesters and the Lincolns.

On Friday evening a charity match takes place between the Military and Civilians. The kick-off on both evenings has been fixed for 5-30.

SIRHIND BOXING TOURNAMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, SEPT. 27.

CATCH WEIGHTS.—3rd Round.

Pte Mercer, Royal Munster Fusiliers, vs Lce-Corpl Jackson, Royal Welsh Fusiliers—Jackson was knocked out in the second round.

Sergt Henry, Connaught Rangers vs Gr Gardiner, No 9 M B R G A—Gardiner did not arrive so the fight went to Henry.

Sergt Gouldbourne, Royal Welsh Fusiliers vs Corpl Clohessy Royal Munster Fusiliers—Clohessy won on points.

Drummer Ness Seaforth Highlanders vs Sergt Hall Inniskilling Dragoons—A level fight. In an extra round Hall won on points.

MIDDLE WEIGHTS.—4th Round.

Pte Simmonds, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, vs Sergt Sinister, King's Own Regiment—A good fight Simmonds won on points.

Sergt Arthurs, Inniskilling Dragoons, vs Pte Delaney, Leinster Regiment—Arthur was knocked out in the third round after a good fight.

Pte Grant, Seaforth Highlanders vs Pte Ward, Connaught Rangers—Ward retired in the first round.

Pte Powell, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, vs Pte Blythe, Black Watch—Blythe won a hard hitting fight on points.

LIGHT WEIGHTS.—5th Round.

Lce.-Corpl Fisher, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, vs Pte Jones, Black Watch.—Fisher retired at the end of the second round.

Pte Davy, Seaforth Highlanders, vs Pte O Dea, Connaught Rangers.—Davy won on points.

Sergt Arthurs, Inniskilling Dragoons, vs Pte McCarthy, Connaught Rangers.—Arthurs was weak after his knock out in the middles and lost on points.

Pte Wood, Inniskilling Dragoons, vs Lce.-Corpl Orman, South Wales Borderers.—Wood damaged his thumb and retired.

FEATHER WEIGHTS.—4th Round.

Pte Coote, Connaught Rangers, vs Trumpeter Thewlis, Inniskilling Dragoons.—Coote knocked him out in the second round.

Pte Halpin, Leinster Regiment, vs Kayes, 38th Battery, R F A.—Kayes was knocked out in the second round.

Pte White, scratched to Pte Farley, both of the South Wales Borderers.

Lce.-Corpl Panton scratched to Pte Blacke, both of the Middlesex Regiment.

BANTAM WEIGHTS—4th Round.

Pte Moss, South Wales Borderers, vs Drummer Fairman, Royal Munster Regiment—Moss retired in the first round.

Lce-Corpl Ingram, Royal Berkshire Regt, vs Lce, Corpl Saunders, South Wales Borderers—A good fight, points going in favour of Ingram.

Pte McVan, Black Watch, vs Pte Banyard, Lancashire Fusiliers—Another good fight. In an extra round, McVan won on points.

Pte Dale, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, scratched to Pte Osborn of the same regiment.

BOYS' COMPETITION—Semi-final.

Boy Reynolds, South Lancashire Regt vs Boy Franklin, Connaught Rangers—The latter won on points after a hard fight.

Boy O'Keefe, Connaught Rangers, vs Boy Bacous, Connaughts—O'Keefe won on points.

SIMLA, September 27.

Sirhind Boxing Tournament, final night. There was an exceptionally large attendance to witness the semi-finals and finals. The trophies and cups presented a splendid display. They were a silver challenge trophy to be held by the regiment scoring the highest number of points and a replica in bronze to be kept by such regiment and a silver cup valued at Rs 500 presented by His Highness the Maharajah of Patiala, to be won outright by the regiment scoring the highest number of points. A silver cup presented by the Simla Trades' Association for the regiment winning the greatest number of events. Silver cups on each of the nights, those for the Officer's fight and middle weights being presented by His Excellency the Viceroy's Staff and Mr Sheepshanks respectively. H E the Viceroy presented a cup to the most scientific boxer. The referee was Major Williamson, judges, Mr. Sheepshanks and Major Drake, timekeeper, Captain Connor. The arrangements throughout the tournament were excellent and entirely due to the untiring energy of Captain Gordon, honorary secretary, Sergt Major Watson, assistant secretary, and Sergt Gaynor, master of ceremonies.

CATCH WEIGHTS.—Semi-final.

Pte Merner, Royal Munster Fusiliers, vs Sergt Henry, Connaught Rangers.—Henry led on points in the first round, Merner giving in early in the second round, owing to a damaged thumb.

Corpl Clohessy, Royal Munster Fusiliers, vs Sergt Hall, Inniskilling Dragoons.—An unsatisfactory fight, Hall being counted out in less than a minute.

BANTAM WEIGHT.—Semi-finals.

Drummer Fairman, Royal Munster Fusiliers, vs Corpl Ingram, Royal Berkshire Regt—The referee stopped the fight and awarded it to Faicman.

Pte McVean, Black Watch vs Pte Osborne, Royal Welsh Fusiliers. McVean won on points.

MIDDLE WEIGHTS.—Semi-finals.

Pte Simmonds, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, scratched to Pte Delaney, Seaforth Highlanders.

Pte Grant, Seaforth Highlanders, vs Pte Blythe, Black Waton.—The Seaforth man had his opponent beat in the second round.

FEATHER WEIGHTS.—Semi-finals.

Pte Coote, Connaught Rangers, vs Pte Helpin, Leinster Regiment.—Coote was knocked out in the second round.

Pte Farley, South Wales Borderers, vs Pte Blake, Middlesex Regiment.—This was a splendidly contested fight throughout three rounds, Farley eventually winning on points.

LIGHT WEIGHTS.—Semi-finals.

Pte Jones, South Wales Borderers, vs Pte Darey, Seaforth Highlanders.—A poor fight, Jones winning easily on points.

Pte McArthy, Connaught Rangers, vs Corpl. Orman, South Wales Borderers.—McArthy won a very fine fight on points.

SIMLA, SEPT. 28.

OFFICERS MIDDLE WEIGHTS.

Lt Talbot, Kings Regt vs Lt Carter No 9 M B R G A. Carter was undoubtedly the better man and won a game fight on points.

OFFICERS LIGHT WEIGHT.

Lt Walsh, Connaught Rangers vs Lt O'Malley, Royal Munster Fusrs. O'Malley won on points.

BOYS' COMPETITION.

Boy Franklin vs Boy O'Keefe, Both of the Connaught Rangers. O'Keefe was badly punished and gave in the first round.

CATCH WEIGHTS.

Corpl Chesney, Royal Munster Fusirs vs Sergt Henry, Connaught Rangers. Henry was conceding his opponent no less than two stones. For the first round he more than held his own, but Chensey rushed him in the next round, and knocked him out. Henry received an immense ovations for his plucky fight.

BANTAM WEIGHTS.

Drummer Fairman, Royal Munster Fusirs vs Pte Mac Vean of the Black Watch. An excellent fight throughout the three rounds, both men taking and giving any amount of punishment. Fairman gained verdict on points.

MIDDLE WEIGHTS.

Pte. Delaney, Leinster Regt, vs. Pte, Grant, Seaforth Highlanders. Delaney had no difficulty in knocking out his man in the first round.

FEATHER WEIGHTS.

Pte Halpin, Leinster Regiment vs Pte Farley. South Wales Borderers. Farley gave in the first round.

LIGHT WEIGHTS.

Pte Jones, South Wales Borderers vs Pte Mccarthy, Connaught Rangers. Jones sent his men to the boards in the first round, but he resumed on the count of nine. Jones continued to maintain his advantage sending in straight lefts with telling effect, Mccarty retiring on conclusion of the second rounds.

The Leinsters have done exceedingly well considering they entered only two men, both if whom won in their respective weight.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief before distributing the prizes said a few words. He commented on the record entry this year and the great improvement in boxing. He remarked on the closeness of the fighting throughout, the result of the regimental championship trophy being in doubt till the last fight. The trophy was wrested from the Royal Welsh Fusiliers by the South Wales Borderers.

The Royal Munster Fusiliers took the cup for winning the greatest number of events. H. E. the Viceroy's Cup, for the most scientific boxer, went to Pte Blake of the Middlesex Regt. the Prize presented by the referees for the competitors showing the most grit, went to Sergt. Arthur, of the Inniskilling Dragoon.

H. H. the Maharajah of Patiala's Cup was won by the South Wales Borderers.

BOMBAY GOLF WEEK.

Medal Competition.

Heavy rain again fell on Tuesday night and the Bombay course yesterday morning was in a very bad state, especially going to the sixth hole, where the second competition of the Annual Golf Week was commenced. The conditions are by medal play over two rounds of the links, one round on Tuesday and a second nine holes on Wednesday. Prizes are offered in both Senior and Junior classes for the two best scratch and the two best handicap scores returned. There was a very large entry in both classes, twenty-four starting in the former and twenty-three in litter. No particularly brilliant performance was made by any competitor, but this is little to be wondered at seeing the adverse conditions under which golf in Bombay is at present being played. For the scratch competition in the Senior class three competitors, Kidd, England and Littey, led on the first day's play with scores of 42, M. F. Nicholson being next with one stroke more. Kidd played a very steady game up to the sixth hole where he was only one stroke worse than "Boges" score, he then took a five and a four to the two short holes and finished up with another four to the last. England started off with three fives and a four, but came to grief at the fifth hole to which he took six strokes but finished up steadily with three fours. Littey started badly being two over fives on crossing the road, but he did the last six holes in 26 strokes, getting the fourth, fifth and seventh in four and the eighth in three. Roberts was off his game to start with, but in spite of taking twenty strokes to the first three holes he returned a score of 45, getting the last six holes in 25 strokes. Result of Senior scratch competition:—

SENIORS (SCRATCH).

	Score.
R D England	43
R Kidd...	43
H P T Littey	43
M F Nicholson	44
A L S Roberts	45
L B Ward	45
E E Coombs	46
H E Hart	46
A D Clarke	47
H G Lowndes	47
E P Comber	47
E Ferrers Nicholson	48
P J Arnot	48
H F Busch	48
S N Powell	48
L Thacker	48
O A Rees	48
J W Jessop	49

In the Senior handicap competition two competitors, Kidd and Latey, lead with nett scores of 42. England, Hart, Comber and M. F. Nicholson coming next with scores of 44. Hart, whose handicap has been considerably reduced after his win in the junior competition on Monday and Tuesday, has been promoted to the Senior class. He again played a steady round and with the exception of the sixth hole to which he took seven strokes and the fourth to which he took six strokes, made very few mistakes. Nicholson was also playing steadily and got the two short holes in threes each, but spoilt his card by driving into the screen at the last hole. Results of Senior handicap competition:—

SENIORS (HANDICAP).

	Score.	H'cap.	Nett
R Kidd	43	−1	42
H P T Latey	43	−1	42
R D England	43	+1	44
H Hart	46	−2	44
M F Nicholson	44	scr	44
E P Comber	47	−3	44
L B Ward	45	scr	45
A D Clarke... ...	47	−2	45
S N Powell... ...	48	−3	45
L Thacker... ...	48	−3	45
A L S Roberts ...	45	+1	46
H F Busch	48	−2	46
H G Lowndes	47	−1	46
P J Arnot	48	−1	47
E E Coombs	46	+1	47
E Ferrers Nicholson ...	48	scr	48
O A Rees	40	scr	40
G F D Tennant ...	51	−2	49
J W Jessop	50	scr	50
T H Lockhard	53	−3	50
P M D Sanderson... ...	53	−3	50
A S Orr	54	−3	51
O Thomson... ...	54	−2	52
T W Thomson	54	−2	52

In the Junior Scratch competition Shaw easily leads with a score of 46 which is an excellent performance for a golfer with an eight handicap and no doubt this will receive due attention from the handicap committee. He took sixes for the first three holes and an eight for the sixth, but got a three at the fifth and the eighth. Parry-Owen and Burns tie for second place with scores of 50. With the exception of Shaw's card the returns made in the Junior class were very poor, eight and ten to a hole, one competitor even took fourteen to one hole, figuring frequently on the cards. Shaw also leads in the Junior handicap competition with a net score of 38, his nearest opponent being Owen who is second with a nett 43. Results:—

JUNIORS (SCRATCH).

	Score.
H J Shaw	46
T D Parry	50
A C Owen	50
C L Burns	50
E Hargreaves	51
L C Margolionth... ...	52
P W C Caswell	52
E R H Jacks..n	52
C Thomson	55
J A Cherry	56
E K Macdonald... ...	57
F A E East	57
H B Murray	57
F W Mann	59
E B Ousley	60
A J Folkes	60
R G Abbott	62
W G Nicol	63
A Foulkes	63
P H Retallack	64
J M Mair	64

JUNIORS (HANDICAP)

	Score.	H'cap.	Nett
H J Shaw	46	−8	38
A C Owen... ...	50	−7	43
J D Parry... ...	50	−5	45
C L Burns... ...	50	−5	45
E R H Jackson ...	52	−7	45
E Hargreaves ...	51	−5	46
J A Cherry	56	−9	47
L C Margolionth ...	52	−4	48
F A H East	57	−9	48
P W Cresswell	52	−4	48
E K Macdonald	57	−8	49
C Thomson	55	−6	49
H B Murray	57	−8	49
F W Mann... ...	59	−9	50
R G Abbott	62	−9	53
A Foulkes... ...	63	−9	54
A G Folkes	60	−6	54
W G Nicol... ...	63	−9	54
P H Retallack	64	−9	55
E B Ousley	60	−4	56
J M Mair	64	−4	60

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THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, SEPT. 28.

The monsoon conditions are intensified in the southern half of the Peninsula and over the head of the Bay, and weakened in the central parts of the country. The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Bengal Proper, Orissa, the West Coast of the Peninsula, Mysore, the Madras Deccan, local Central India East, the Western half of the Central Provinces and the Bombay Deccan. There have been a few falls in Upper Burma, Eastern Bengal, Chota Nagpur, the West of the United Provinces and Hyderabad.

The principal amounts are:—Tavoy had three inches; Moulmein, two; Bassein, False Points, Cuttack and Chaibassa, one and a half; Balasore, two; Meerut and Delhi, one; Goa, one and a half; Malegaon and Gopalpuri, one.

Forecast:—An increase of rain in the North West of the Peninsula and Upper Burma.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Kolaba. Byculla made Fort Colaba. In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered...	67·85	61·84	62·94	55·28
Wednesday, 28th Sept.....	0·32	0·55	1·31	0·09
Total	68·17	62·39	64·25	55·37
Same date last year	91·25	84·24	101·17	71·00

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ltd., CUMBALLA HILL

September 28.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg. Total 1909.
Cumballa Hill ...	In. cts. 0·12	In. cts. 63·93	In. cts. 65·47	In. cts. 84·06

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following is the list of total rainfall ganged during the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), 24th Sept., 1910:—

	In. cts.		In. cts.	
Bandora	60	56	Wadhwan	.....
Panjoo.....	61	38	Dabhoe	54 7
Vaitarana	64	35	Sevalia	42 28
Palghar	65	61	Godhra	43 68
Gholwad	44	59	Patri	16 76
Daman.....	88	20	Limkhera	50 14
Bulsar	64	88	Dohad	30 56
Nausari	42	54	Amargarh	34 12
Surat	37	39	Rutlam	31 56
Kim	35	16	Nagda	29 98
Broach	44	9	Rajpardi	47 3
Baroda.....	44	54	Bardoli	48 5
Mehmadabad	29	19	Nandbar	30 54
Ahmedabad	20	43	Nardana.....	26 55
Viramgam	16	37		

Appended is Wednesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (27th Sept)	83·1	80·6	...	...
Jask	86·3	76·8	...	...
Muskat (27th Sept)	88·3	81·6	...	...
Multan.....	101·3	77·0	...	1·64
Rawalpindi	92·4	62·9	...	26·23
Lahore	100·4	72·2	...	11·32
Sirsa.....	97·3	73·6	...	7·79
Ambala	94·2	78·0	...	26·39
Delhi	99·7	75·2	1·10	21·76
Agra.....	90·0	77·0	...	19·29
Mainpuri.....	85·8	76·0	...	19·29
Jhansi	92·5	76·5	...	28·55
Cawnpore	92	77·0	0·03	25·89
Allahabad	91·6	77·0	0·08	...
Jacobabad	105·1	76·3	...	2·36
Karachi	85·0	76·0	...	12·46
Ajmer	89·4	76·7	...	16·08
Jaipur	93·2	75·6	...	13·65
Kotaa	88·0	77·6	...	25·92
Bhuj.....	98·6	78·2	...	20·42
Dwarka	84·8	75·2	0·1	13·73
Veraval	85·6	77·8	0·28	15·03
Bajkot	98·0	76·0	...	31·50
Jamnagar Para.....	96·6	78·0	...	24·15
Surat	88·6	76·1	...	34·12
Ahmedabad.....	100·6	77·7	...	23·72
Deesa	103·3	76·4	0·02	22·26
Neemuch.....	90·0	71·8	...	30·34
Indore	87·1	73·1	0·01	30·99
Jubbulpore	87·8	74·3	0·13	43·81
Sangor	88·6	73·5	0·78	35·34
Hoshangabad	87·4	74·7	0·09	40·31
Khandwa.....	89·7	75·6	0·06	29·5
Akola	90·2	73·1	0·21	32·47
Amraoti	87·8	73·8	...	36·29
Nagpur.....	88·6	74·8	1·01	51·03
Chanda	88·0	76·0	0·23	45·76
Kalpur.....	89·2	77·1	...	58·41
Bombay	86·1	77·0	0·1	15·37
Satnagri.....	83·3	75·9	0·67	78·13
Mormugao	82·0	74·2	0·70	78·80
Karwar	80·8	74·5	0·56	108·73
Malegaon.....	87·4	71·1	1·12	27·58
Ahmednagar.....	85·4	71·0	...	30·15
Poona	85·5	72·3	0·01	25·57
Sholapur	84·3	72·4	0·10	23·73
Bijapur	84·2	72·2	0·35	19·18
Belgaum	...	...	...	...
Nizamabad (Indur)	86·4	77·2	0·68	25·77
Hyderabad	88·8	72·2	...	38·39
Mangalore	83·8	69·8	0·24	21·03
Calicut.....	80·8	74·1	0·11	103 14
Cochin	85·2	76·3	0·24	78·64
Colombo	85·5	77·5	...	71·49
Masulipatam	87·3	76·7	0·17	15·12
Bellary	86·5	73·3	0·61	15·10
Cuddapah	89·7	74·6	0·16	34·96
Anantapur	93·5	77·5	0·01	18·71
Bangalore	79·3	64·8	0·21	28·98
Coimbatore	89·4	71·3	...	6·37
Trichinopoly	92·6	73·3	...	15·62
Negapatam	94·5	79·0	...	1·89

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) on the 28th September was 29·686 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 14 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·000 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required.

BY THE WAY.

THE LATE MR. HOLMAN HUNT.

Though the most industrious of painters when in the prime of life, Mr. Holman Hunt never produced his pictures rapidly. More than once, indeed, he worked for months on a canvas, only to destroy it altogether in the end, while some of the paintings by which he is best known took him years to execute. "The Triumph of the Innocents," for one, which he began in Jerusalem, occupied him no less than seven years, while "The Shadow of Death"—another of his most famous paintings, in which it will be remembered Christ is shown working as a carpenter and casting the shadow of a cross on the wall behind Him—took him four.

CHIEF FEARS.

In the case of this particular picture Mr. Hunt once explained that his chief fears were two—one, that by treating such a subject he might overstep the narrow boundary which separates the sublime from the ridiculous and the other that someone else might appropriate the subject and by injudicious treatment spoil it altogether. Hence he kept the matter the profoundest secret while engaged on the work and once when an unsuspecting acquaintance picked up one of his preliminary sketches "for the picture he tore it into fragments on the spot to convey the impression that he attached no importance to it and to prevent other seeing it.

HOLMAN HUNT AND [illegible]

Oxford is pe[illegible] Hunt. [illegible] Light of [illegible] five [illegible] Gallery [illegible] including "The Festival [illegible] Night [illegible] Wales, the smaller version of "The Afterglow in Egypt," and the portraits of Mr. and Mrs. Combe, Mr. Combe, who occupied the position at the head of the Clarendon Press now held by Mr. Horace Hart, was one of Holman Hunt's most devoted friends and patrons in the days when he was still fighting for recognition, and he took great interest in the latter famous journey to the East.

WHAT AN OMNIBUS DRIVER SAID.

When painting one of his pictures the artist worked at it with extraordinary assiduity, often eight o'clock at night to four in the morning, and then he would go out for a run by omnibus. Of this performance he had interested spectator. Judge by the account once given of it by a Chelsea omnibus driver who, after speaking of Gabriel and his habits, went on: "But I'll show you a queerer character than all, if you're coming round the corner. You can see him well from the bus; he is a cove in the first floor, who has something standing all night at one window, while he sits down at the other, or stands, and seemingly is a drawing of it. He does not go to bed like other Christians, but stays long after the last bus has come in; and, as the perlice tells us, when the clock strikes four out goes the gas, down comes the gemman, runs down Cheyne Walk as herd as he can pelt, and when he comes to the end he turns and runs back again, opens the door, goes in, and nobody sees no more of him."

VANISHING OLD LONDON.

By the pulling down of No. 66, Russell-square, the site of which is required for the extension of the Imperial Hotel, London will lose a landmark of historic interest; for it was once part of the famous Baltimore House, built in 1759 for the eccentric and profligate Lord Baltimore, which was for many years the only building in this neighbourhood with the exception of a chimneysweeper's cottage. In later years the house had for tenant the equally eccentric Duke of Bolton, son of Lavinia Fenton, famed for her impersonation of "Poly Peachum," and the original of Captain Whiffle in "Roderick Random." Among other famous tenants of this house were Lord Loughborough, in his Chancellor days, Sir John Nicoll, and Sir Vicary Gibbs.

THE TRACKING DOWN OF RADIUM.

No one will grudge Madame Curie, who first proved the existence of radium, her latest success in isolating a minute piece of the "wonder element" in its pure metallic state. The famous lady scientist was this year awarded the Albert Medal of the Royal Society of Arts, which previously only one woman had received—Queen Victoria, in commemoration of the progress of art during her reign. Most of the marvels associated with radium have been proved, if not actually discovered, by Madame Curie, but she has been unable to confirm Sir William Ramsay's experiment by which he changed copper into lithium by the aid of radium

CANNON HOLLAND ON ROLLING STONES.

In the Commonwealth for September Cannon Scott Holland objects to the hypnotising of our reason by the proverb "A rolling stone gathers no moss." He objects to moss. It is a "dank, damp, nasty fungoid affair," and is "a signal of decadence, of impotence, of stagnation, of dull, motionless, stupid indifference." "We ought to fear moss like the devil." Therefore, he counsels, "Roll on! For goodness' sake, keep rolling or you will be caught and snared and beaten."

VICTORIA'S COAT OF ARMS.

The King has approved a coat-of-arms for the State of Victoria. Judging from the description in the Melbourne papers, the design possesses some novel features. It embraces the five stars forming the constellation of the Southern Cross, two female figures typical of Peace and Prosperity, and "a demi-kangaroo holding an Imperial Crown in its paws." A "demi-kangaroo" sounds like a fresh recruit to heraldic monsters from the Antipodes.

AFFORESTATION IN NEW ZEALAND.

New Zealand has for some years past been engaged in carrying out an extensive scheme of afforestation to provide against the depletions caused by the growth of the saw-milling industry. For a portion of this work State prisoners are employed, camps controlled by goal officials being formed near the sites of the various nurseries and plantations. The planting is supervised by experts, and in Rotorua alone more than twenty-four million trees have been permanently planted out by prison labour. Not only have the results been satisfactory from the point of view of afforestation, but also the conditions of the camp life are said to exercise a most beneficial influence on the characters of the prisoners.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN PUBLIC SERVICE.

The South African Government has appointed a Commission, under the terms of the Act of Union, to make recommendations for the reorganisation and readjustment of the Departments of the Public Service—one of the most important Commissions ever appointed in the sub-continent, for its decisions will affect the future of permanent officialism, in whose hands largely rests the good government of the country. Its investigations concern, inter alia, the absorption or disposal of officers who are found to be "redundant" under the altered circumstances, and the Commission is to endeavour to prevent a duplication of officials, Union and Provincial. The Chairman the Hon. H. C. Campbell, I.S.O., is an old and trusted Natal Civil servant, who, after a long official career in Natal retired this year on pension from the Judge Presidency of the Native High Court. His honour started in the Service as far back as 1891, as a clerk in the office of Registrar of Deeds, Natal, and at various times has acted as Attorney-General, Puine Judge Postmaster-General, Colonial Auditor, and Master of the Supreme Court.

THE MOAT AND BRIDGE AT HAMPTON COURT.

The restoration of the ancient moat and bridge on the west front of Hampton Court Palace, which was delayed in consequence of the death of the late King is now proceeding apace, and according to the "Architectural Review" is expected to be finished in about two months' time. Sufficient thin red bricks have been recovered from the excavations to complete the walls of the moat where they were defective, and the freestone coping and embrasures are being made to harmonise with the rest of the buildings. The bottom of the moat was sown with grass seeds in the spring, and now presents the appearance of a well-kept lawn, access to which is obtained by a doorway placed in one of the towers abutting on the moat.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure-head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists, Grocers, etc.

THE TWO SERVICES.

RE-GROUPING OF TORPED) CRAFT.

The extensive reshuffling of units in the destroyer flotillas is practically completed, and as the result of the changes the senior flotilla attached to the Home Fleet is now composed of twelve "Tribals" possessing a speed of 33½ knots, and a similar number of "Beagles," of 27 knots, with the 25-knot scouts "Pathfinder" and "Patrol" and the cruisers "Boadicea" and "Blenheim" as Commodore's ship and depot ship respectively. The second flotilla will be composed of twenty vessels of the "River" class and four 27-knot ocean-going destroyers, while the third flotilla will be constituted entirely of the "River" class. In point of numbers the third (Nore) flotilla will not contain so many boats as the nucleus crew flotillas at Portsmouth and Devonport, but it will possess the advantage of homogeneity and will, there is little doubt, be strengthened numerically when the twenty "River" boats are able to be relieved in the second flotilla by the passing into service in 1911 of the next batch of ocean-going destroyers. The strengthening policy is also being applied to the torpedo-boat flotillas by the delivery of the ex-coastal destroyers of the 1908-9 programme. This reorganisation of torpedo craft generally connotes a speeding-up in the construction of this units, which until quite recently occupied an unreasonably long time in building added to which there was considerable delay in putting in hand his portion of each successive programme of new construction.

ROYAL FLEET RESERVE DRILLS.

There appears to have been considerable grumbling during the summer manœuvres amorg the Royal Fleet Reservemen about the new regulation which will require them to complete seven days' drills in each calendar year. This year, and in the past, a man belonging to the Fleet Reserve could perform a double drill, consisting of fourteen days, and could then stand off for two years, unless he were called out for service. From the beginning of this year this new rule of putting in seven days every year with no option of a double drill has been applicable to all entries; and at the beginnings of next year it will be applicable to all the men serving previous to 1910. The complaint of a section of the men is that their employers are not prepared to let them take seven days' holiday each year, although it may suit them to give their employes a fortnight every other year. One cannot readily see what businesses such an arrangement would apply to; and yet the men assert that it is a fact, and that unless more elastic conditions prevail, they will either have to leave their work with the outlook of being out of employment after putting in their drill, or get into trouble and lose their retainers. As our 21,000 Royal Fleet Reserve men are the very pick and flower of our Naval Reserve men it is absolutely essential to give them every possible facility for putting in their drills at a convenient period consistent with a proper standard of efficiency being maintained, that the authorities should certainly see what adjustments can be made to meet the views both of the employers and the men.

THE GENERAL MESS SYSTEM.

The naval authorities are quite properly, going very slow in introducing the general mess in seagoing ships. Sailors are not the only men to be fickle about their food and it must be remembered that the new victualling arrangements in the Senior Service have now been in operation sufficiently long for a very large number of men recruited since the old system ceased to exist, not to be able fully to appreciate the improvements which have been made. Naturally therefore there is still grumbling among the new hands, though the older men who have known "banyan" days have nothing but praise for the new conditions. The general messes in the "Dreadnought" and "Furious" were spoken very highly of at first, but we learn that it was retained in the cruiser by only a very small majority for this year. But in the boys' training establishments the general mess system is working very satisfactorily as it is also at the stokers' training establishments, where it exists. This year the general mess has been introduced in the Fourth Cruiser Squadron, and it will be interesting to watch its working in the boys' seagoing training ships; since where men are concerned the system appears to be much less appreciated in seagoing ships than in harbour establishments. Possibly the introduction of cold storage spaces in our later ships will solve the seagoing messing problem, since there would then be dead carcases on board in all short voyages; and a greater variety of dishes would be available for the caterese to choose from.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

An Army Order issued this month amending paragraph 510 of the Royal Warrant discloses the satisfactory fact that cavalry officers who leave the Regular Army with the object of accepting temporary retired pay in the Special Reserve for ten years have now one regiment of Yeomanry in which they can seek a commission. This is King Edward's Horse, and the new regulation should be as advantageous to this distinguished corps as to the cavalry service. It is to be hoped that in the future the principle may be further extended and the Yeomanry generally once more thrown open to officers who retire under this regulation. At present unless a vacancy exists in either the North or South Irish Horse those from the cavalry have no option but to serve in the infancy of the Special Reserve.

THE FIGURE TARGET.

In accordance with the agreement come to the Council of the National Rifle Association as the termination of the recent Bisley meeting circularised members with the view of obtaining their opinion in regard to the figure target which was this year used at 500 yards from the number of those that have answered—less than half have taken the trouble to record their convictions in the matter—it would appear the issue is not a very burning one, a conclusion borne out by the result of the poll, which showed the numbers in favour of and opposed to its retention at this range to be practically equal. In answer, however, to the suggestion that a similar target should be introduced or ranges under 500 yards, there is a decided majority against such a change, while a proposition that it should be used at longer ranges is rejected by a majority of three to one. When one considers that by universal agreement the use of the target this year at 500 yards produced no effect at all on the scores, it is difficult to understand the opposition to its further extension save on the supposition that it is based on that conservatism and dislike of change which characterises the British nation.

PANAMA CANAL DEFENCES.

The general scheme of these defences has now been approved by the United States War Department. On the Atlantic side the defences are to consist of forts on the mainland armed with six 14in. guns on disappearing mountings, six 6in. guns, and twelve 12in. howitzers. On the Pacific side, three small islands off the mouth of the canal are to be fortified, and one battery is to be erected on the mainland. The guns allotted to the Pacific defences are four 14in., six 6in., and sixteen 12in. howitzers. The latter is a new weapon, throwing a 700lb. shell to a distance of ten miles. Minefields with 12pr. batteries and searchlights are to be provided at both ends of the canal. The canal is to be opened for traffic in January, 1915, and the defences are to be completed before that date.

NATIONAL SERVICE.

The "Journal of the Royal Artillery" for August contains an interesting article, on the whole very fairly written, on the National Service League scheme for providing a compulsory Service Army for home defence. The author calculates the addition to the Estimates at under £4,000,000 a year and expects to obtain, for this sum, a territorial Army of half a million men, better trained and organised than the present Second Line. There is no fault to find with the author's figures, which are based on War Office estimates, so far as they go; but he has hardly toused on the crux of the problem—namely, the provision of 15,000 efficient officers for his force. A mob Army, led by untrained amateurs, is not likely to be of much use in these days. Regarded as a commercial proposition, better value would be obtained by paying enough money to provide good officers and expending the balance on men, even if this reduced the force to a quarter of a million. That proposed by the author is altogether too bulky, and an efficient, well-commanded Army of half the size would be far more capable of giving a good account of an invader.

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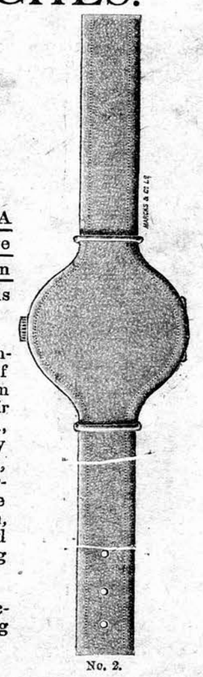

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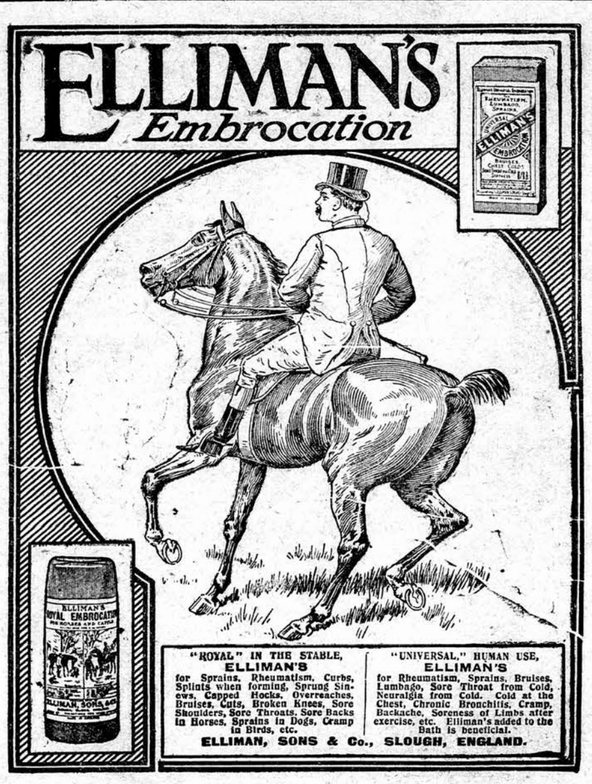

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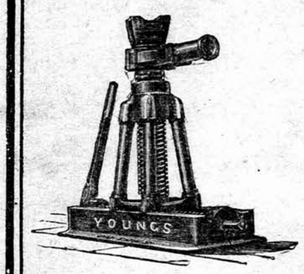

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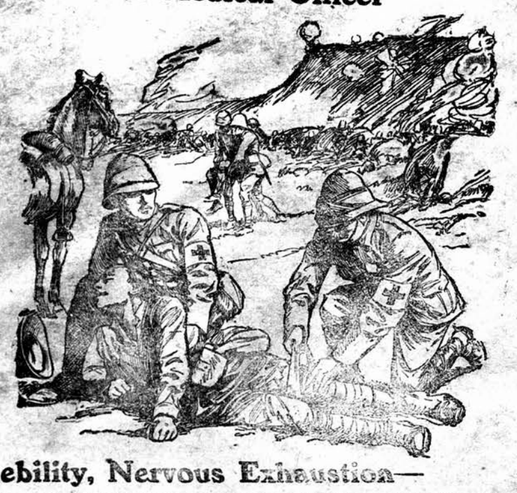
A Medical Officer



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Acts like a Charm in **DIARRHŒA** and is the only Specific in **CHOLERA** and **DYSENTERY.**

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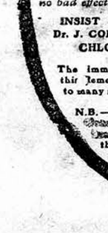
N.B.—Every bottle of genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.



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HEALTH-GIVING
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Active Principle of Cod Liver Oil with Creosote.

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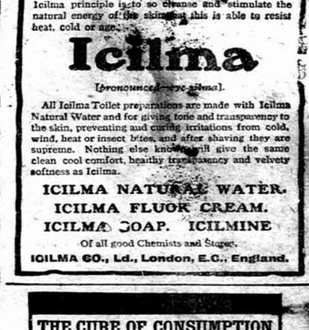

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